1	STATE OF ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF
2	CONSERVATION AND NATURAL RESOURCES
3	ADVISORY BOARD MEETING
4	Department of Agriculture and Industries
5	Richard Beard Auditorium
6	1445 Federal Drive
7	Montgomery, Alabama
8	March 5, 2022
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12	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
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16	Proceedings taken before Stacey L.
17	Johnson, Certified Court Reporter and
18	Commissioner for the State of Alabama at Large,
19	at the Department of Agriculture and Industries,
20	Richard Beard Auditorium, 1445 Federal Drive,
21	Montgomery, Alabama, Saturday, March 5, 2022,
22	commencing at 9:00 a.m.
23	* * * * * * *

1	BOARD MEMBERS PRESENT:
2	Mr. Joseph Dobbs, Jr., Chairman
3	Commissioner Christopher M. Blankenship, Ex-Officio Secretary
4	Ex-Officio Secretary
5	Commissioner Rick Pate, Ex-Officio, Department of Agriculture and Industries
6	Director J. Mike Phillips, Ex-Officio, Alabama Cooperative Extension System
7	Mr. Kevin Savoy
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9	Mr. Grady Hartzog
LO	Mr. Greg Barksdale
	Mr. Jeff Martin
L1	Mr. Brock Jones
L2	
L3	Mr. Tim Wood
L 4	Mr. Raymond Jones, Jr.
	Mr. Ben Stimpson
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1	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Let's let this
2	meeting of the first Conservation
3	Advisory Board of 2022 here on March
4	the 5th a beautiful Saturday
5	outside come to order. Glad
6	you're all here. Hello to the usual
7	participants, and those of you that
8	are new here, glad to see you. Let's
9	have a productive meeting today with
10	some good dialogue.
11	To begin, I'm going to ask
12	our Board member, Mr. Brock Jones, if
13	he will please give our invocation
14	today.
15	MR. B. JONES: Let us pray.
16	(Invocation led by Mr. Brock
17	Jones.)
18	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you,
19	Brock.
20	And I'll ask we're going
21	to have the color guard today, and as
22	part of that, I'm going to put my
23	hand over my heart as they begin.
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1 (Presentation by the color quard.) 2 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: I'll ask Kevin 3 Savoy to please lead us in the Pledge 4 of Allegiance. 5 (Recitation of the Pledge of 6 Allegiance led by Mr. Savoy.) 7 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you very 8 much, and thank you to the color 9 guard. That was great. 10 On our agenda, we have the 11 Sportsmen's Pledge. I do not have a 12 copy of it here to read along with 13 you, but you-all remember the 14 Sportsmen's Pledge. We shall -- we 15 won't say that. We won't speak the 16 Sportsmen's Pledge today. 17 So I want to introduce if I 18 can Representative Tommy Hanes in the 19 northeastern part of the state of 20 Alabama. There's Tommy. Thank you 21 for being here with us. It's always 22 good to see you and always good for 23 the Legislature to be represented.

1	Thank you.
2	Is there anyone else here
3	that that all right. Very good.
4	Mr. Secretary, do we have a
5	quorum today?
6	COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: Yes,
7	sir, we do.
8	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Very good.
9	Let me ask about the minutes
LO	of the meeting. Are there any
L1	questions or anything to be noted
L2	with regard to the minutes of the
L3	meeting of May the 8th of 2021, by
L 4	the Board?
L5	As there are no changes, the
L6	Chair approves the minutes, but I'm
L7	glad to ask for a motion and a second
L8	to approve the minutes.
L9	MR. R. JONES: So moved.
20	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: So moved.
21	All right. The minutes are
22	approved. Thank you, Ms. Johnson.
23	Thank you so much. Tracye is not

1 with us today. Thank you for being 2 here. 3 COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: For the Record, Mr. Chairman, that's the 5 approval of the minutes from the 3-6-21 meeting and the 5-8-217 meeting. CHAIRMAN DOBBS: 8 Both meetings. 9 COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: Thank 10 you. 11 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. 12 me ask each Board member if they will to introduce themselves, note their 13 14 congressional districts, and please 15 provide us with a district report, 16 goings on in their district. Let's 17 start to my right with Mr. Barksdale. 18 MR. BARKSDALE: Good morning. 19 am Greg Barksdale. I represent 20 District 4. There's not really any 21 major issues that I'm aware of that 22 happened in the district since our 23 last meeting. I have had several

1 conversations with some of the 2 hunters, one to do with hog hunting 3 on the WMAs, the other one about 4 Forever Wild property. I've had 5 several conversations with the turkey quidelines, and then one with coyote 7 hunting during nighttime during deer 8 season as well as dog deer hunting in 9 northwest Alabama. But most of that 10 is just conversation, and probably 11 some of them will be here today to 12 talk about that. Other than that, 13 we're good. Thank you. 14 MR. MARTIN: Jeff Martin, 15 District 3. I think we had a really 16 good season this year. Only one or 17 two complaints on the dog hunting. 18 Lonnie Miller took care of those. 19 Fishing is kicking off like crazy. 20 Logan Martin Lake has just been 21 crazy. So all in all a good year. 22 MR. WOOD: I'm Tim Wood, and I 23 represent District 7, congressional

1 district. I live in Selma. 2 Basically I cover the Black Belt. 3 The deer season was 4 outstanding in the central part of 5 the Black Belt in Dallas County, 6 Wilcox. The numbers were up. But 7 for some strange reason, the rest of 8 my district actually was down flat. 9 For me to say what that was would be 10 speculation, so I'm just going to be 11 quiet. I don't know what it was. 12 As far as turkey season, 13 people are busy right now doing a lot 14 of burning. And if you are burning, 15 be careful. I'm going to be out this 16 afternoon if you want to come help, 17 feel free to come on. 18 As far as fishing, the 19 Alabama River and the Ala-Tom has 20 been extremely busy. Camden is --21 they do as good a job as anybody in 22 the state promoting the Miller's 23 Ferry Lake down there, and they do a

1 great job with what they do. It's a 2 great economy for Wilcox County. 3 also let me say -- and I don't know 4 if everyone knows, but what this 5 Department does in the background for 6 our local communities is outstanding. 7 I want to say thank you to Chris 8 Blankenship and also Ed Poolos and 9 Todd Mize because they are actually 10 getting Selma and Marengo back in 11 shape. And if -- I'm telling you 12 what these folks do in the 13 background, they don't get a lot of 14 publicity about it, but I'm going to 15 tell you I appreciate what they do 16 and what they mean to the community. 17 That's pretty much my report. 18 you. 19 MR. HARTZOG: Good morning, 20 everybody. Grady Hartzog, District 21 Just not a whole lot of reports. 22 No dog hunting claims at all. 23 morning you could not put another car trailer on Lake Point State Park boat
landing. The fishing has been
phenomenal. The numbers of fishermen
are phenomenal. On the way up, I saw
turkeys on the way up. So everything

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is looking good.

I talked to the deer processors in our area. All the processors feel like their numbers are up. One thing that -- in fact, one of the processors this morning called me because I generally -- he knows I'm headed to the meeting, just following up, that, you know, Barbour County is the only county in the state that has a point restriction limit on it. And he says, Grady, every year we're getting bigger and bigger and better bucks coming into the processors. He said, we're seeing 170-class deer pretty regular, and he says, I just wish the Department might consider adding

additional counties. And the only other thing he said is, I wish the Department would up the fine for the people that are not abiding by the point limit and maybe make some believers out of them and they'd let some of these deer grow. But he did say he wished that several of the adjoining counties would also follow the lead from Barbour County and go to the point restriction. So other than that —

And the only other thing is we had some complaints concerning the turkey season and taking the — some days — the decoys away from the kids, and I propose to make a motion to try to fix that for next season.

So that's all my report. Thank you.

MR. SAVOY: Good morning. Kevin Savoy, District 2, Dothan, Alabama.

We had a good dove season. I was contacted by a group of dove hunters

1 about looking at our Wiregrass 2 counties a little bit differently due 3 to the peanut harvest. 4 I was also contacted by a 5 gentleman -- and I believe he's on 6 the agenda today -- with Alabama 7 Hawking Association. He's outside my 8 district, but he also happens to be a 9 customer of ours so he reached out to me and he is on the agenda today. 10 11 I also was contacted, like 12 Greg, by a farmer about hunting feral 13 hogs and coyotes through the season, 14 year-round actually. And I got an 15 interesting call or a message from a 16 gentleman who suggested amending the 17 baiting program and registering 18 feeders. So I thought that was an 19 interesting concept, but I thought I 20 would share that with y'all. 21 And I had -- we had no deer 22 hunting issues that I was aware of 23 this year. I was contacted by a

1 local dog deer hunting association. 2 I had a great conversation with them. 3 We don't have any issues in Henry County where we primarily are, but I know -- I think we have one 5 person on the agenda today that might 7 bring some issues up with that. 8 overall, we had a good year. 9 you. 10 MR. PATE: I am Rick Pate. I'm 11 the Commissioner of Ag and 12 Industries. And, of course, we 13 welcome you here. This is our 14 building, and we're proud to host the 15 Conservation. I am the Commissioner 16 of Ag and that's why I'm on this 17 Board. But if you look at these 18 posters on the side, these are really 19 the six divisions that we visit. 20 Hardly anybody knows what we do, the 21 responsibilities we have with food 22 safety and peanuts and pesticides and 23 weights and measures. And so I will

sort of wrap around.

The Sweet Grown Alabama is a new initiative we started three years ago. We realized that people in Alabama couldn't identify what was local and what wasn't. And there's a lot of things being sold that maybe originated in Mexico or California that looks like some farmer grew them. But we're proud of that. That's probably the third year of that program. And appreciate Representative Hanes and the Legislature who supported it.

We did last year for the first time ask for some money for the farm and school program. It was very disappointing with COVID and all that was going, the supply side issues.

We realized how little the school system was buying from local farmers.

And if one thing you want to solve is a supply side issue, you buy from ten

miles down the road where the kids that are going to your schools family is growing. And so we're real proud that the Legislature give us several hundred thousand dollars -- \$120,000 last year and 200- this year, and that has been a huge hit. We're selling so much more local food in our school system now than we were.

We had a half-million dollar grant from USDA really to begin the discussion about mental health in rural Alabama. We have seen some statistics that show, you know, farming, rural life, by nature is a little more isolated than urban life, and then with closing the churches and schools, it became even more. Statistics were showing there were higher rates of mental health issues. And so we begun that. And Department of Conservation and Natural Resources attended our sort of kickoff for

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that. But we met with 12 different stakeholder groups, the Cattlemen and Farmers Federation and the Poultry and Egg. But anyway, we're proud of that.

And then in sort of closing -- and that's what we call The Healthy You Healthy Farm. actually partnered with RC&D in what they call Veterans at Ease, and we've got a little bit of money we can give to a veteran farmer. That veteran agrees to allow other veterans to come onto his farm and then allows us to bring other veterans out on his farm once a year. And we kicked that off up in Arab maybe around November, I think, and it was very gratifying. We probably had 20, 25 Vietnam War veterans show up on a veteran's farm. But anyway, we've got a lot of balls in the air, but we appreciate having y'all here and you're always welcome.

1 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you very 2 much, Commissioner Pate. You and 3 your staff -- it's a great need that 4 works very well for us every time and 5 we appreciate it so much. Thank you. Next? 7 DR. PHILLIPS: Good morning, 8 everybody. My name is Mike Phillips. 9 I'm the Director of the Alabama 10 Cooperative Extension System. I've 11 probably got the best job of anybody 12 in this room. I say that because we 13 get to work with all of these 14 organizations. We do educational 15 outreach statewide. We provide a lot 16 of educational resources, work with a 17 lot of these agencies in extending 18 our outreach. So it's truly an honor 19 for me to sit on this Board. And I 20 hope we have a great day today. 21 MR. STIMPSON: Ben Stimpson, 22 District 1, Mobile. This year was --23 well, I wouldn't say -- it was pretty

quiet. There weren't really many complaints. I talked to a lot of people. I talked to several people — and I wouldn't call them complaints — that were requesting permits for the dog deer hunting in Mobile and Washington County. And I think someone will be on the agenda today to speak to that.

I had several conversations with different duck hunters from the Delta. They had a good season mainly early. The biggest concern that I'd say with two or three people was they're starting to talk about that there appears to be some over hunting, but, you know, they've been talking about that for years.

Had a lot of people, of course, that talked about the new turkey season and limit and had a lot of questions, but they were mainly people wanting to understand, you

know, why we did it and how it was going to work. But it took up a lot of time. Everybody wants to talk about it. But other than that, it was relatively quiet.

MR. R. JONES: Raymond Jones,
Congressional District Number 5,
which is in North Alabama. Fairly
quiet in my district as well. The
deer season was good. I don't know
that I would say great, but it was
good. Duck season was poor.
Unfortunately, it just never got cold
enough to push many ducks in our
direction.

Biggest news I guess that
happened is obviously we had our
first case of CWD in my district,
which is unfortunate. I attended the
CWD meeting in Florence, Alabama, to
represent the Department — the Board
there. We also had an Avian flu in
an American wigeon that was just

1 announced. So that's another thing. 2 So from a disease standpoint not a 3 good year in our district. 4 MR. B. JONES: I'm Brock Jones. 5 I'm District 6. I live in Tuscaloosa. District 6 is all of 7 Shelby County, part of Tuscaloosa 8 County, part of Jefferson County, and 9 a sliver of Bibb County. The season, 10 from what I understand in talking to 11 people in the district, was a good 12 quantity but not necessarily quality. 13 As far as complaints go, really just 14 got several calls about people hoping 15 that we could continue the coyote 16 night hunting and hog night hunting 17 through the season. I understand the 18 Department's position on that and 19 told them that, why that hasn't 20 changed. A lot of burning going on 21 right now as Tim said in our 22 district, which is good. And anxious 23 to hear what Chuck has to say about

1 the hog effort regarding the sodium 2 nitrites. So a lot of people anxious 3 to hear about that. That's pretty 4 much all I have. 5 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: All right. 6 Thank you, gentlemen. Thank you, 7 gentlemen. Good reports, up to date. 8 The next item on our agenda, 9 I'm not going to introduce or bring 10 to the table any of the directors of 11 the divisions. I'm going to turn it 12 over to the Commissioner who has a 13 wonderful report for us and ask him 14 to come up here. Thank you. 15 COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: 16 Before I give my report, I would like 17 to recognize the service of one of 18 our Board members that rolled off 19 last year and was not able to make it 20 to our last meeting in May after he 21 rolled off. Can we get Patrick Cagle 22 to come up. 23 Patrick was on the

1 Conservation Advisory Board for 2 several years and served with 3 distinction, always had great 4 insight. He spent a lot of time 5 talking to people in his district and really around the state, not just in 7 his district, on issues and brought 8 a lot to the Board. He was not able 9 to be reappointed because of his 10 position with Alabama Mining 11 Association, but I certainly can't 12 say enough about your friendship, 13 about your service to the Board, and 14 you are missed on the Board. But I 15 do appreciate your continued 16 involvement with the issues of the 17 Department, and I know that you will 18 always be a supporter and provide 19 input and wise counsel on issues that 20 impact the Department, whether you're 21 on the Advisory Board or not. 22 with that, Mr. Chairman, let's walk 23 around, see if we can get a good

1 picture with Mr. Cagle. 2 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: And to Molly 3 who has helped lots of mornings 4 bringing snacks and treats and 5 keeping us in line, thank you. COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: 7 appreciate Patrick being here and 8 Molly. I appreciate all the wives of the men that are on the Conservation 9 10 Advisory Board. Those late night 11 calls and weekend calls and people 12 stopping you at the store and 13 everything else. I know that they go 14 a long way to support y'all and 15 appreciate the work that y'all all do 16 on the Board. 17 I do have a fairly lengthy 18 Commissioner's report. I will say 19 before I get into this that I culled 20 a bunch of stuff off yesterday 21 afternoon to make this a little bit 22 shorter, but we have had quite a 23 successful year I think with the

1 Department of Conservation. A lot of 2 that goes to the efforts of Ed 3 Poolos, our Deputy Commissioner; Chuck Sykes, the Wildlife and 4 5 Freshwater Fisheries Division Director; Patti McCurdy, our State 7 Lands Director; Scott Bannon, Marine 8 Resources Director; and then Greg 9 Lein, our State Parks Director; and 10 their staffs. They have had a very 11 active year, and I'll hit some of the 12 high points and be glad to take 13 questions after that. But I will say 14 I looked back at my report from last 15 year's March meeting that was pretty 16 lengthy and I think impressive about 17 the work of the Department and the 18 work they've all done to make sure I 19 didn't duplicate anything that I hit 20 the high points on last year, so all 21 this is new stuff. I mean, this is 22 stuff that happened really since the 23 May meeting last year.

I'm going to focus a little bit more on Parks. This year we've got a lot of stuff. It's been a great year for our Alabama State Parks. You don't hear a lot about that from your constituents. I know you're mostly dealing with hunting and fishing, but Parks is a big part of our Department. This past year, we had the

highest grossing revenue in State
Parks' history, and we also had the
highest gross profit in State Parks'
history, and it was a very good year.
Legislature passed a bill to have a
constitutional amendment for an
85 million dollar bond issue that
will be on the ballot on May 24th.
So I hope that you'll all be
supportive of that for us to take
that money and continue to make
improvements to our Parks. And
you'll hear more about it over the

next couple of months as we work
towards that constitutional amendment
on the ballot May 24th. It will be
the only amendment on the ballot, so
when you go vote, just vote yes for
the only amendment on there.

We implemented beach parking at the Gulf. That was an asset that we have down there. Implemented that last April, and that's going to produce about a million dollars a year at \$5 a car parking. That money's going right back into the Parks. We're taking the money that was generated this past year and adding bathrooms at the Romar Beach access and other improvements within the Parks, so we're putting that revenue and the gross profit this year — we're putting it right back into the park.

We built a new campground at Cathedral Caverns. We didn't have a

1 campground there. Joe Wheeler State 2 Park was devastated by a tornado in 3 December of 2020, I quess, and we 4 rebuilt two-thirds of the campground. 5 We opened those up last week. We'll have a ribbon cutting up there in a 7 few weeks, but they've already got 8 plenty of people camping there. 9 We're renovating the day use 10 area in Desoto Falls, electrical 11 upgrades at Monte Sano so we can have 12 the 50 amp service and really grow 13 that park, grow the revenue there. 14 And we built a new OHV trail 15 at Lakepoint State Park. There was 16 some untapped grant funds that 17 you-all pay into when you purchase 18 fuel or -- and we were able to use 19 that to do some -- a trail at Buck's 20 Pocket State Park a couple of years 21 ago, and we've done one now at 22 Lakepoint. 23 And that's a pretty fun

trail. I went up and rode it a couple of weeks ago to see how it was going to be, and I think it's gotten pretty good use since we opened it.

But I will say the reason that we're doing that is to kind of expand the recreational opportunities to provide business from some groups that may not have stayed there before.

A great example is that

January I was up at Buck's Pocket

State Park and rode through the

parking lot, and on a cold January

day, there were about five campers

and all of them had four-wheelers or

off-highway vehicles parked next to

them. So the only reason they were

there camping in January was so they

could ride those trails. So we were

doing business that we would not have

done in January on a cold and rainy

weekend because people are using

those trails. So it's having the

desired effect.

If you noticed during the Super Bowl all of the car commercials during the Super Bowl were all for electric vehicles. In Alabama State Parks, we're trying to be ahead of the curve on electric vehicle sales. We have a partnership we're bringing to install charging stations at all of our Alabama State Parks so that we'll have that as an opportunity for our guests.

The World Games will be in Birmingham in July. That's a big deal for Alabama. Four of those events are going to be at Oak Mountain State Park. We've worked with AT&T to upgrade our fiber network. It's really a multimillion dollar investment that AT&T is making at Oak Mountain State Park to be able to operate the cameras and all the infrastructure that they need for the

1 World Games, and that will remain 2 after the World Games. 3 Another big and exciting 4 thing that happened this past year is 5 we purchased about 1650 acres -- or the Forever Wild Board purchased 7 about 1650 acres adjacent to Oak 8 Mountain State Park. That's a great 9 addition to the fastest growing 10 county in the state to our park. Ι 11 appreciate the Forever Wild Board's 12 support of our State Parks. 13 And then we purchased some 14 property at Rickwood Caverns State 15 Park. That's the property above the 16 cave, so that keeps us from having 17 any issues in the future. So I'm 18 glad that came available and we were 19 able to work on that. 20 And one of the things I'm 21 most excited about with Parks is 22 we're in the process now of changing 23 out all of our mattresses -- all 1300

of them -- to -- we're leveraging our partnership with Hilton and putting Waldorf Astoria 2 plush mattresses in all of our state sparks. Those are being swapped out now. And we also have an agreement with a company in Alabama to provide some high quality sheets, and we'll be doing that from an Alabama supplier. So if you go to our State Parks in a couple of months, you ought to get you a good night's sleep. The mattresses and sheets sure will be nice.

And on the negative side,
we -- looking at all our financials
and running Parks like a business, we
have -- do lose money on our
restaurants. We've contracted with a
food and beverage consultant to come
in and analyze our operations and
make some recommendations so that we
can at least break even on the
restaurants and still provide good

1 service to our customers. 2 People have asked me about 3 the pier, the portion of the pier 4 that was damaged in Hurricane Sally. 5 We're opening those bids later this month. We're still waiting on our 7 final permit, but we're going to have 8 the -- we're going to go ahead and 9 bid it out and get it ready for 10 construction to start. As soon as we 11 get those permits from the Board of 12 Engineers and others, we'll be able 13 to start that construction. 14 The 18 cabins at Gulf State 15 Park that were destroyed during 16 Hurricane Sally, we have the design 17 done on those. We're ready to bid 18 those, and those should be all constructed by the end of '22 or the 19 20 first part of 2023. No doubt be open 21 by spring of '23. 22 And the last thing on Parks, 23 I want to talk a little bit about our

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partnership with ADEM for the rubber modified asphalt. We have a project at Guntersville State Park and Desoto State Park that used this rubber modified asphalt. So any time you get your tires changed, they charge you a \$2 a tire fee that goes into this recycled tire fund. But Ed Poolos, our Deputy Commissioner, working with ADEM, we were able to tap into that and came up with some good projects, places that we needed paving to use the recycled tire mix, but then also some money out of that fund to pay for the installation of that. Just so you know as a Board, that had never been done in Alabama. That mix had not been certified, so we had to work with Auburn University and their transportation group there to certify this mix. So now not are we only using it on our Parks, but this mix is available now to be used

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anywhere in the state. So it makes good use of those tires instead of them going to a landfill or being chipped up for something else. The Department is pretty cutting edge on getting that done.

For our Marine Resources Division our red snapper season was the longest in over a decade. started on the weekend of Memorial Day and went all the way through December. It was a very good season this year. A lot of that had to do with some bad weather days in June where people couldn't fish because it was either a tropical system where it was too rough and so they didn't catch the quota during some of those weekends. We were able to stretch that out and use that all through the rest of the year. So that's the beauty of the regional management system that we're under now. If we

1 have bad weather or we have something 2 like that, you don't lose those fish. 3 The people get to go, and it's been a 4 good year. We plan to do the same 5 thing this year. We're sending a 6 news release out this next week, 7 opening red snapper season that 8 Friday before Memorial Day, and it 9 will be open Friday through Monday 10 weekends beginning that Memorial Day 11 weekend, and we'll fish until the 12 quota's met or until we get to the 13 end of the year, whichever happens 14 first. I won't go into a lot of 15 detail here. I may have a little bit 16 more detail at the May meeting, but 17 we're still working through some 18 issues with NOAA Fisheries that has 19 the potential to decrease the red 20 snapper quota for Alabama. 21 Bannon and I were in DC last week 22 working with NOAA and our 23 congressional delegation to try and

1 mitigate those potential impacts. 2 I'll expand on that a little bit more 3 when we have some time at the May 4 meeting. 5 And oyster season this year 6 was phenomenal. I think I see 7 Mr. Avery Bates is here. Hopefully 8 they'll say something good about the 9 oyster season when he comes up. 10 We're trending in the right 11 direction. We had 10,000 sacks in 12 2019. We harvested about 23,000 13 sacks in 2020, so we doubled from the 14 previous year. And this year, we 15 harvested about 50,000 sacks so we 16 doubled again in '21. So appreciate 17 Scott Bannon and Kevin and the work 18 that they're doing to help bring back 19 our oyster resources. 20 Our State Lands Division, 21 the Governor approved 41 million 22 dollars' worth of GOMESA projects on 23 There are 17 projects. the coast.

1 Those are managed by our State Lands 2 Division. With those GOMESA 3 projects, the Governor is extremely interested in providing public access 4 5 to our waterways and to our lands, and so that has been a priority for 7 her with the GOMESA projects. So we 8 have a lot of boat ramp building, 9 waterfront land acquisition, fishing 10 gear repair and development, and 11 other public access work in coastal 12 Alabama that's being done by our 13 Lands Division and our Marine 14 Resources Division. And that's just 15 so important for our citizens and our 16 visitors to have access to our waters 17 and our public land. 18 Through Forever Wild, we 19 purchased property in Butler County, 20 the Greenville area, and opened up a 21 new special opportunity area. 22 talk a little bit about some land 23 acquisition, but since Governor

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Ivey's been in office the last four years -- or almost five years, DCNR and its partners have acquired more than 61,000 acres in Alabama for public access. Over a short amount of time, that's quite an accomplishment, and I want to make sure the Board's aware of the work that's been done to get more property for Alabama to hunt and hike and fish and have access to. That will have a long-term legacy impact, and we're not done yet. We've got a lot more to go. There's a lot more stuff in the hopper.

For Wildlife and Freshwater
Fisheries, as you know, the hog and
coyote nighttime license passed last
year. We've sold about 16,000 of
those this year. I won't go into all
the work we're doing with Ducks
Unlimited. That progress report is
at each of your seats. If you look

1 over that, any questions you could 2 have for Chuck or Keith on that, 3 either during the meeting or after the meeting, but we've got a lot of 5 work going on with them. The reservoir management 7 legislation that was sponsored by 8 Senator Scofield passed last year and 9 that adds \$5 to each boat 10 registration, and that goes into a 11 fund that DCNR manages and will 12 provide some grants from that for 13 invasive species and aquatic 14 vegetation work, marine debris 15 removal, and regulatory and signage 16 projects around the state. That just 17 started in January, so that needs to 18 build up a couple of years before it 19 will allow money there to do a lot of 20 these projects. 21 And we're talking about 22 boating access. Governor Ivey 23 dedicated 2.7 million of the state's

1 3.7 million from the CARES EDA money. 2 That came to DCNR for fishing ramp 3 and access improvements, and so we're using that money to do that. 4 5 appreciate her giving the lion's share of that money to the Department 7 to use for public access because we 8 know what those fishing tournaments 9 mean for the local communities to be 10 able to have those events. 11 We also have a really big 12 boat ramp project in Demopolis. 13 We're partnering with the City of 14 Demopolis and the county to put a 15 first-class ramp in downtown 16 Demopolis that can host big 17 tournaments in West Alabama. That's 18 something that's been missing for a 19 while. And as Tim mentioned, we're 20 working with Selma and coordinating 21 with ADEM to improve boating access 22 at the Selma marina. Two big 23 projects there in West Alabama in the 1 Black Belt.

2 DCNR received a little over 3 a million dollars in the Tyson settlement, Tyson spill settlement 4 5 that happened in the Cullman County, Blountsville area. We're using that 7 to increase public access on the 8 Mulberry or Bankhead Lake and some 9 other projects in that area. Just of 10 note for the Board, that's the 11 largest fish kill settlement in DCNR 12 history. I want to thank our 13 Fisheries section, Ed Poolos, and our 14 General Counsel Charlanna Skaggs, as 15 well as Attorney General Steve 16 Marshall for the work they did on 17 that to hold people accountable that 18 damage our natural resources and I'm 19 very, very pleased that that was 20 worked out. Hopefully, we won't have 21 those type things, but when we do 22 have them, it's nice to know that we 23 have a team that can make sure that

1 people that cause problems for our 2 natural resources are held 3 accountable for that. 4 I talked a little bit about 5 our CWD. Chuck's going to have a presentation about that shortly. As 7 you know, in January, we became the 8 latest state to have CWD positive. 9 Our response, I feel like, has gone 10 very well. We were prepared in the 11 event that this ever happened. We'd 12 already developed a plan, had 13 practiced the plan, working with the 14 Department of Ag and Industries and 15 others. We've had tabletop exercises 16 so that if this came here, we 17 wouldn't be caught flatfooted. 18 it happened, we implemented the plan. 19 Chuck, Amy, Keith, and their staff 20 have been on this from the very 21 beginning. 22 I want to thank Commissioner 23 Rick Pate and Dr. Frazier with the

1 Department of Ag and Industries. 2 They provided a great turnaround on 3 almost a thousand samples that have been taken from deer in the chronic 5 wasting disease zone since January. And I also appreciate the cooperation 7 of the legislators, the hunters, the landowners in the area. Chuck will 8 9 talk a little bit more about it in 10 his presentation, but I just wanted 11 to say I appreciate Raymond Jones 12 coming to the public meeting and 13 personally thank our staff for the 14 good work that they've done in 15 responding to this. Out of the 966 16 additional samples since we had the 17 first positive, there was one deer 18 that came back positive as well, so 19 we have two positive deer out of 20 almost a thousand samples. So the 21 prevalence is very low, and we'll 22 continue to monitor that. And Chuck 23 will talk a little bit more about it

with some regulatory changes that we are making to try and keep that

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The Deepwater Horizon, I'll give a full report at the May meeting on all the work from the Deepwater Horizon section, but I want you to look at your calendars. If you're available, especially the ones from the southern district, May 19th, the Governor is having a Deepwater Horizon Restoration Summit in Spanish It will be that evening about five o'clock, five to seven, five to eight. If you could put that on your calendars. I think it might be of interest to you. Again, another thing we handle in the Department that you probably don't hear that much about as Board members. But to date since the Deepwater Horizon, we have over a billion dollars' worth of projects that we're managing in

1 Mobile and Baldwin Counties to our 2 Deepwater Horizon section and our 3 Lands Division and our Marine Resources Division working on those. 5 So between Deepwater Horizon and GOMESA, it's over a billion dollars 7 worth of work that's underway down 8 there right now and being managed by 9 DCNR. 10 In legislation, this is a 11 light year for us. We didn't have 12 any -- no Department bills. As a 13 recap, we passed 12 pieces of 14 legislation in this quadrennium. 15 Really that was in two years, because 16 in 2020, they didn't have a real 17 session because of COVID. But this 18 year I think we've accomplished all 19 of the goals that we had in this 20 quadrennium, so we're kind of sitting 21 this year out. 22 There has been a piece of 23 legislation that would establish a

1 paddlefish season. I think that you 2 have that at your spots here. 3 was introduced, but it has not had any movement since it's been 5 introduced. And there was some legislation introduced last week that 7 would create a special deer season for deer breeders that would be 8 9 earlier than the current season. 10 Just in short, the Legislature had a 11 lot of structural issues in forming 12 and it's just not a very -- it's not 13 an effective piece of legislation, 14 and we need a lot of changes, not to 15 mention some management issues. 16 that was just introduced this past 17 week, and Charlanna and our team are 18 reviewing it and are meeting with the 19 sponsor and the committee chair and 20 can provide some more feedback on 21 that through the process. I'll just 22 do that through an email since we 23 won't meet until after the

1 legislative session.

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2 And then again as another 3 topic for our May meeting, we are 4 working with the Governor and the 5 finance director and the Legislature on a broad outdoor recreation plan to 6 7 be accomplished, the ARC funds that 8 the state's receiving. We're getting 9 about 1.1 million dollars in June or 10 July that will be deposited, and we 11 are working with them to do a lot of 12 things to improve outdoor recreation 13 and things that I think that y'all 14 will be impressed with. And I'll 15 give a full report on that in May 16 when we have a little bit more time. 17 And with that, Mr. Chairman, I think 18 that's enough. I talked long enough. 19

CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you,

Commissioner. That was a very

comprehensive report, very capable.

I'm proud to be associated with in

any way all of what this Department

1 is doing. So it's a new day, a build 2 better and build more for Alabama. 3 We're way ahead of the curve for the 4 federal government, their build back 5 progress. It is my understanding now 7 that Director Sykes is going to give 8 us a slide presentation on CWD and 9 any other items; is that correct? 10 MR. SYKES: Yes, sir, if you 11 want me to. 12 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Oh, there you 13 are. I couldn't see you. Yes, 14 please. You want to come up here or 15 -- you're going to do it right there. 16 Very good. 17 And let me say one thing at 18 the beginning, be respectful. 19 any questions or comments for Chuck 20 ask me so I can get it to you, 21 because Ms. Johnson is new and she 22 has promised to key my car if she 23 doesn't get all of this down proper.

So work through me if you don't mind. Work through the Chair. Thank you. MR. SYKES: Thank you, Chairman Dobbs. As the Commissioner said, unfortunately, we knew it was going to happen. We prolonged as long as possible by implementing proper regulations and educational programs to, in our opinion, prevent artificial introduction of CWD, but we knew as close as it was in Mississippi and Tennessee, it was coming eventually. When we got the call in late December the Commissioner thanked a few people, but I want to take just a second of personal privilege to allow people to understand just a little bit about the staff that I have that is working on this. When I first took this job and I think there's still		
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When I first took this	20	the staff that I have that is working
	21	on this.
job and I think there's still	22	When I first took this
	23	job and I think there's still

1 a lot of people out there that think 2 it's a State employee, they don't 3 care, they can't get a job anywhere 4 else so they're just working for the 5 State and making a paycheck. 6 addition to Keith and Amy and 7 Marianne and Billy, Chief Weathers, 8 and Captain Michael East, we were all 9 locked up in my conference room for 10 two weeks preparing for the release 11 of the information. And I'm going to 12 put Michael East on the spot. He was 13 scheduled to retire the following 14 month after a long, very decorated 15 service with our Department. 16 chose not to because he did not want 17 to leave the person that would be 18 backfilling his position with us just 19 having CWD. That's the kind of 20 people that work for this agency. 21 postponed his plans, his family's 22 plans, where he could do his job and 23 represent our Department and the

1 citizens of this state and the 2 natural resources of the state. 3 Michael, thank you. 4 Y'all can see the two dots 5 up there, the two green dots. As the 6 Commissioner said, unfortunately, we 7 did find one more. I'll go over that 8 here in just a second. 9 10

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On January the 7th when we announced that we had CWD, the first thing we did was establish a chronic wasting disease management zone that was comprised of a high-risk zone, a buffer zone. The high-risk zone is there in red. The buffer zone in yellow. All season and daily bag limits were removed for that CMZ. We had 30 days left in deer season basically to acquire samples. needed hunters out there hunting and giving them all the opportunity they could to provide us samples. that's why we removed the season and

daily bag limits for that area. It was mandatory for all deer harvested within the HRZ, or the high-risk zone, to be tested for CWD, and hunters were strongly encouraged to submit CWD samples for all deer harvested within the buffer zone.

And then, of course, we had carcass transport restrictions on the CMZ. We were extremely pleased with the participation we got from the majority of the hunters. Of course, there's going to be a couple in every crowd, but for the most part, everything went exceptionally well.

We had 966 total samples

from that CMZ. You can see the

breakdown right there. 497 were from

Lauderdale County, 469 were from

Colbert County. Out of those 966

samples, only one additional deer

tested positive for CWD. So we have

a .005 percent prevalence rate.

1 When Mississippi became 2 positive in 2018, they found one 3 deer. It took four years for them to 4 find another deer in that county. 5 When Tennessee became positive in December of 2018, they found one one 7 week, ten the next week, 50 the next 8 week, and it has exploded. 9 Thankfully with all of our preventative measures, I think we're 10 11 more like the Tennessee -- I mean the 12 Mississippi model where we have been 13 looking in the right area for the 14 past five years, we knew where it was 15 going to come in, so our prevalency 16 rates are extremely low. I'm happy 17 with that. This is something that 18 we're never going to eradicate. 19 just need to understand it, we need 20 to know the distribution and the 21 prevalence of it, and we manage 22 around it. 23 As you can imagine -- and

Raymond's well aware of this -- we 1 2 took quite a bit of criticism when we 3 removed the season and daily bag 4 limit. We were going to kill them 5 all. We're going to destroy deer 6 hunting in the CMZ. They're going to 7 starve the people to death in the 8 future because we were going to kill 9 all of the deer. If you look at that 10 top graph, during the 2021 season, we 11 killed 1481 deer in that CMZ during 12 that time frame January 7th to 13 February the 10th. This year with 14 the removal of the season and daily 15 bag limit, we killed a grand total of 16 1707. We did not destroy the deer 17 herd in that area. We did not kill 18 them all. There will be plenty there 19 next year. And if you look at the 20 next line down, the next graph down, 21 you'll see that for the season in 22 Lauderdale and Colbert Counties we're 23 below the harvest of what we killed

last year. So even with our new 1 2 regulation, everything is still fine. 3 Overall statewide, we were down a little bit with deer harvest 4 5 this year to last year. What I want the Board and members of the public 7 to take away from this, this did not 8 catch us off guard. Nothing we did 9 was a kneejerk reaction. This is not 10 a government conspiracy. We were 11 prepared, we put a plan in place, and 12 it's working. We have an incredibly 13 talented staff that has been working 14 on this for over a decade. We work 15 with professionals around the country 16 looking at the good and the bad and 17 the ugly of these other states that 18 have been dealing with CWD for 19 decades. We're going to be fine. 20 We're going to manage through this. 21 Things are just going to be a little 22 bit different. 23 So what we've proposed for

1 new regulations for 2023 in the CMZ, 2 the entire CMZ will fall in the 3 boundaries of Zone A this year. Parts of Zone -- of the CMZ zone were 4 5 in Zone C last year. So we have moved all of that to Zone A. 7 seasons and daily bag limits will be 8 Zone A. Baiting and supplemental 9 feeding of wildlife will be suspended 10 within the CMZ. The only exceptions 11 are feed in an active hog trap or 12 bird feeders located within a hundred 13 feet of a building or occupied 14 dwelling. Rather than have mandatory 15 testing of every deer killed within 16 the HRZ, we're going to have certain 17 time periods where we can look at 18 Game Check data and our biologist 19 data from our WMAs where we can make 20 the most of a few weekends to get the 21 desired number of samples that we 22 need. So we will do some mandatory 23 testing dates and locations within

1	the HRZ and the BZ, and all of that
2	will be published online and in the
3	Digest. And we still even though
4	it's not mandatory testing, we still
5	strongly recommend that all deer
6	harvested within that CMZ be
7	submitted for testing.
8	Commissioner, that's it.
9	And I'll be happy to take any
10	questions.
11	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you,
12	Director Sykes. We'll entertain
13	questions from the Board.
14	MR. HARTZOG: Mr. Chairman?
15	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Mr. Hartzog?
16	MR. HARTZOG: On the nonfeeding
17	in the hot zone, would it be possible
18	or wise to maybe consider no feeding
19	within the buffer zone also?
20	MR. SYKES: It is. It's within
21	the entire CMZ, which is the HRZ and
22	the buffer.
23	MR. HARTZOG: Okay.

1	MR. SYKES: It's both counties,
2	Lauderdale and Colbert.
3	MR. HARTZOG: Good plan. Thank
4	you.
5	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Any other
6	questions? Mr. Commissioner?
7	COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP:
8	Chuck, I don't want to put you on the
9	spot. I know you've not really
LO	planned to talk about it, but would
L1	you be able to talk about the
L2	toxicant, the status of that, or you
L3	want to
L 4	MR. SYKES: I can. We have been
L5	working with USDA APHIS for the past
L6	three or four years working on a
L7	toxicant to help with our feral hog
L8	problem. I want to make one thing
L9	perfectly clear. This is never going
20	to be something that Tim is going to
21	be able to sell at the co-op on the
22	shelf. It's not going to happen.
23	This is going to be much like a

restricted use herbicide or chemical application where professionals that are licensed and bonded, USDA APHIS agencies, are going to be able to use. We do not want a toxicant spread indiscriminately across the landscape. We all want to get rid of hogs, but there's nontargets that have to be considered.

on the ground floor of this. We've been working with USDA through their registration process. The first year with the trials, we had some nontarget issues. The bait composition wasn't what it needed to be, and the timing of the use of it coincided with migratory flights of neotropical migrant songbirds. So we had more collateral damage than we needed to.

So we went back to the drawing board with the bait

1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 forefront of it. 11 The product is sodium 12 nitrite, not nitrate. It is very 13 effective at humanely dispatching 14 hogs. Basically they eat the bait, 15 they walk away, they get sleepy, they 16 go to sleep, and they don't wake up. It depletes the oxygen in their 17 18 blood. So it's very humane, it's 19 very quick, and it's very effective. 20 And it does not keep killing down the 21 line where a lot of toxicants if you 22 kill one animal and a buzzard eats 23 it, it kills the buzzard. If an

composition timing and now the delivery mechanism. All of that is still progressing through the process. It's not quick. you're talking about registering a toxicant, you have got to cross every T and dot every I. So this is still several years down the road, but we are -- Alabama has been on the

1 opossum eats the buzzard, it kills 2 the opossum. This doesn't do that. 3 This breaks down quick in the 4 bloodstream. 5 All I can tell y'all is be patient. Nothing like this goes as 6 7 quickly as the private sector wants. Many of y'all may not know, but I did 8 9 come from the private sector so I understand that side of it. I would 10 11 love it to be here tomorrow. It's 12 not going to happen, period. Right 13 now, the best tool we have for 14 removing the number of feral pigs 15 that we need to remove is whole 16 sounder removal trapping. No ifs, 17 ands, or buts. Shooting pigs is fun. 18 Shooting pigs is a recreational 19 activity. You cannot eliminate a 20 problem with a gun or we would have 21 done it over the past 30 years. 22 same goes with coyotes, bobcats,

raccoons, whatever.

The best

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1 disposal method at our fingertips is 2 trapping. 3 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. May 4 I ask -- or ask you to add about the 5 USDA's trapping program that is 6 available in, I think, five or seven 7 counties. If anyone doesn't know 8 about it, it's very effective. 9 cost-effective. 10 MR. SYKES: It is. **USDA** 11 receives grants. Most of it is down 12 in the Wiregrass. They basically 13 overlaid agricultural usage with 14 feral hog populations. They picked 15 Sumter County in West Alabama and 16 picked the Wiregrass to target. People can apply for cost share for 17 18 traps, or they can have actual USDA 19 come in with a professional trapper 20 and remove pigs. I know that -- I 21 I'm from had a call this week. 22 Choctaw County. We've got just as

many hogs as Sumter County does. We

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could have be and simple, hog populati determined.

could have been there too, but plain and simple, they looked at ag versus hog populations and that's how it was determined.

CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. And know that trapping service is free, and it's a 70/30 match to buy the traps. I've just recently learned about this. Thank you, Director Sykes.

COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP:

Mr. Chairman, I just want to point out to the Board and make sure we are — even though we are working with USDA and actively involved from the beginning, the certification of the produce and all that is a federal decision through USDA EPA. We're not — that's not a hold up on our part. We don't really have any say in that. That's going through the federal process.

MR. SYKES: Correct.

1 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Very good. Any
2 questions or comments from the Board
3 with regard to that?
4 Very good. We'll move on to

Very good. We'll move on to the next -- we'll move on to the next portion of our meeting, which is special orders and/or public comments.

So we've got a list of speakers here. We will work through that. I'm going to give you a set of rules. I think we have 19. We don't have a place for a ready chair, so I believe that today we will just call you. Please be prepared if you're the next speaker, if you know that, if you have a sheet, and I'm going to ask each speaker as they come up to be respectful. Point your comments to me as the Chair. Don't interact with the Board directly. Please come through me. Again, I don't want

1 turn the clock over on me. So direct 2 your responses to me. Don't engage 3 with the staff directly. Direct it 4 To the folks out here to me. 5 viewing, reserve your comments for 6 outside, no applause, no outbursts 7 during this, and respect these folks 8 and give them a chance to have their 9 say here today just like you would. 10 Okay. Our first speaker is 11 Christopher Lamb. Mr. Lamb, I'll ask 12 you like I ask everybody, please 13 speak into the microphone. And I'm 14 going to cut mine off. 15 MR. LAMB: Good morning. name is Christopher Lamb. I'm from 16 17 Somerville, Alabama, up in 18 Morgan County, and I came here to 19 raise some concern about 20 rehabilitation. I know this might 21 kind of be against what we just 22 listened to from this gentleman here, 23 but it is a concern that I believe

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should be addressed in our state. It seems like we have a lack of resources when it comes to rehabilitation of wildlife, injured animals, sick animals we find on the road.

Before I go any further, I am an avid outdoorsman. I take my kids hunting just about every afternoon during hunting season. We're out on the water just about every nice day in the summer. So we enjoy hunting and fishing all over the state. It's some of the best I've ever seen. I've lived all over the country. One thing that I do have a concern over is when my children ask, you know, what do we do for injured animals besides just shooting them. We have that lack of resources for rehabilitation here. What I try to ingrain in my children is ethics. Leaving an animal to die

when it could be saved, rehabbed,
what have you, it's an ethical
concern. So it's kind of going
against the whole ethical thing we
teach our kids just to kill something
when it gets injured or sick.

My children are also taught to have compassion towards these animals. When we harvest a deer or any sort of game, you know, we thank that animal, we thank the Creator for providing us with that food, that nourishment. So it's again kind of backwards when we don't have the resources to rehab these injured animals.

The State does a great job
when it comes to hunting and fishing.
I take, you know, every benefit I
can, and I'm showing my kids to do
the same. So I'm not really a crazy
hippy out here to, you know, disrupt
the government or anything, what you

1	guys have going on, but I would like
2	to bring up a concern for this. And
3	I would like to see Alabama wildlife
4	thrive with the increasing
5	population. Especially that we see
6	in North Alabama, you know, wildlife
7	is suffering. I don't think there's
8	any argument against that. So with
9	that being said, I would like
10	everybody to please consider allowing
11	more opportunities for rehabbing in
12	this state so we can keep Alabama
13	wild. Thank you.
14	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you,
15	Mr. Lamb.
16	Any questions from the
17	Board?
18	Thank you very much for
19	traveling here.
20	Our next speaker is
21	Mr. Terry Morse or Ms. Terry
22	Morse.
23	MS. MORSE: Good morning. My

1 name is Terry Morse, and I'm a Board 2 member of the AWCRS. I am here today 3 to suggest proposed changes to our current wildlife rehabilitation 5 program beginning with an open dialogue. 7 Many rehabbers and citizens 8 feel that the WFF is putting the 9 Alabama citizens' safety and lives at 10 risk by discouraging new wildlife 11 rehabilitators in Alabama. 12 Compassionate citizens who find wild 13 animals in need of help cannot turn a 14 blind eye and let nature take its 15 course when the reason is most likely 16 human imposed. Human imposed injury 17 is not a natural injury. Therefore, 18 intervention is the responsible 19 action to be taken. 20 We are fully aware that WFF 21 does not want wildlife rehabilitators 22 in Alabama because Director Sykes has 23 told us so, but the citizens of

1 Alabama feel we are needed. 2 propose that we form an independent 3 committee of established and experienced permanent wildlife 5 rehabilitators, veterinarians, AWCRS members, and other pro wildlife 7 representatives to develop a stable 8 program that benefits our native 9 wildlife and to protect our citizens, 10 give them a place where they can turn 11 for appropriate advice, education, 12 and a safe place to bring a wild 13 animal that is truly in need of help. 14 Wildlife rehabilitators also 15 deserve better treatment and respect 16 from this State agency. With 17 approximately 5 million citizens in 18 Alabama and only 13 rehabbers, it 19 simply doesn't make any sense. 20 Permitted rehabbers that provide a 21 free service to the public are 22 turning away many of the animals that 23 are called about for lack of space

and resources. As a result, Alabama 1 2 citizens take the animals home 3 exposing their families, friends, and themselves to various diseases and 5 injuries. The citizens don't know the proper natural diets, can't get 7 vet care, don't have appropriate 8 housing, and they don't know how to 9 prepare the animal for release back 10 to the wild where they ultimately 11 belong. This has created a very 12 powerful underground rehabilitation 13 group with the lack of proper 14 knowledge. Is what they are doing 15 wrong? Yes and no. But what choice 16 do they have. 17 It is degrading to the 18 Alabama citizens to be threatened for 19 their compassion and willingness to 20 be good stewards to our wildlife. As 21 a result, citizens are being 22 threatened with fines and innocent 23 wildlife are being killed.

1 wardens are no longer allowed to take 2 the animals to wildlife 3 rehabilitators according to Marianne 4 Hudson. WFF does not encourage a 5 positive wildlife rehabilitation program, nor issuing new permits. 7 Marianne Hudson says she is 8 not getting any new applications, and 9 this simply is not true. The AWCRS has confirmed several citizens that 10 11 have applied over the last five 12 years --13 MS. JONES: Time. 14 MS. MORSE: -- and they never 15 get a response. Their applications 16 were sent via certified mail, email, 17 and they have tried to call 18 Ms. Hudson. Citizens of Alabama 19 deserve responses and reasons their 20 applications are being ignored or 21 denied. We truly want to be a part 22 of this solution in this matter. 23 Thank you for the Board letting us

1	talk.
2	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you,
3	Ms. Morse.
4	Any questions from the
5	Board?
6	MR. WOOD: You did say there are
7	13 rehabbers in the state; is that
8	correct?
9	MS. MORSE: Yes.
10	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Do you want to
11	speak to that, please?
12	MR. SYKES: Mr. Chairman, can we
13	go through all of these and then get
14	
15	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Choice idea.
16	Thank you. I see that we have three
17	or four more.
18	The next speaker is
19	Ms. Kimberly Sheham.
20	MS. SHEHAM: Good morning. My
21	name is Kimberly Sheham from
22	Priceville, Alabama, in Morgan
23	County.

I was in need of a wildlife

rehabilitator. The first time I

found an injured squirrel, the second

time a baby opossum, and the third

time I found several bats that were

no more than a few days old. I

immediately sought help for these

animals.

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I researched online to begin to call licensed rehabbers. I was in shock that Alabama only has 13. And that is absolutely ridiculous because not all 13 can take all species of animals. I thought you could take a deer to any of these people, a bat to any of these people, and that's not the case. There's only three for rabies vectors, such as your fox, your skunks, your bats, so forth. So in that situation, the few rehabilitators we had, I had to seek alternate methods for help.

1 There are a lot of people 2 that are underground, and that's 3 where my animals went. I'm not 4 ashamed of that. I'm not going to 5 teach my children that I'm just going to let this animal suffer, possibly 7 be eaten alive by ants, freeze, starve to death. That's not moral. 8 9 You guys just said a prayer for our 10 wildlife and you sit here and let 11 this happen. So I'm asking you to 12 actually do something about it this 13 Thirteen in 67 counties. time. 14 had to drive two hours either way I 15 wanted to go just to get help. 16 That's ridiculous. That needs to 17 change. Children are being raised to 18 believe it's okay to kill all these 19 animals, but they can't help them. 20 They can't help -- I'm not raising my 21 children that way. Sorry I'm 22 passionate about this. That's all I 23 have to say.

1	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you very
2	much.
3	The next speaker is Mr. John
4	Morse.
5	MR. MORSE: Mr. Pate, I've seen
6	your name so many times when I gas
7	up, but I do not hold you accountable
8	for the prices.
9	MR. PATE: Thank you.
10	MR. MORSE: Your luck.
11	Good morning. I'm John
12	Morse. I'm speaking for the citizens
13	of Alabama.
14	Starting in 2012, citizens
15	have been working with WFF trying to
16	get the wildlife rehabilitation
17	program more formalized, organized,
18	and workable. 2012 is the last time
19	WFF worked with the rehabbers.
20	In 2013, WFF started their
21	adversarial relationship when
22	Director Sykes sent out letters that
23	stated rehabbers were required to

1 euthanize seven species of animals. 2 Six were rabies vectored species. 3 Rehabbers and citizens fought that action because it was not based on 5 science. Director Sykes was the first and only wildlife director in 7 the United States to classify the 8 opossum as a rabies vectored species. 9 During that meeting, 10 Director Sykes stated wildlife 11 rehabilitators were not needed in 12 Alabama and the wildlife 13 rehabilitation is unnecessary evil. 14 During that meeting, he also stated 15 that if there was an animal that 16 doesn't belong on this Earth, it was 17 a raccoon and they need to be 18 eradicated. We asked him when do you 19 know you have enough to meet your 20 desired -- he stated that too many --21 if too many animals were killed, the 22 federal government would take over 23 and make it a special program.

That's not right. Working with WFF has been a take or leave it attitude. No transparency and no cooperation. You don't protect citizens. You don't protect citizens' rights. If you would read the rehabilitation permit, you would find that you probably would not sign it. It's a take it or leave it. You don't want to rehab, you don't sign it. That's wrong.

In 2012, there were over 100 wildlife rehabilitators in the state of Alabama. Due to the guidance coming from Wildlife and Freshwater Fisheries, it is — it's almost impossible for a citizen to get a wildlife permit. We want it. It's a free service. We do what we need to do. Why do we do it? We take the animals away from good intended citizens and we don't want them to have it. They have good intentions,

1	but if they can't find somebody they
2	will not listen to a phone call.
3	Leave it alone, put it back in
4	nature, let nature take its course.
5	I'm going a little bit long. I hope
6	you give me that time.
7	We started today with a
8	prayer. We're in the Bible Belt of
9	the whole country. People read the
10	Bible.
11	MS. JONES: Time.
12	MR. MORSE: I hope
13	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Please make
14	your point. I understand that, but
15	please make your point.
16	MR. MORSE: We started off with
17	a prayer, we read the Bible. We are
18	stewards of this land. You can't
19	blame a person to say I want to do
20	something for this animal. We're
21	only talking about there was a
22	small little portion that Director
23	Sykes said, .005. We do

1	.001 percent. We do it just because
2	we want to do it and get that animal
3	back into nature. We're only talking
4	about a very few people or a very
5	few animals, but we do need to have
6	that so that people can give it to
7	somebody that can do it.
8	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. We
9	understand. There are others that
10	we're infringing on their time.
11	Thank you.
12	Any questions from the
13	Board? Any comments?
14	The next speaker and this
15	has to do with raptor conservation.
16	Shall we hear from this speaker
17	before Chief Gauldin, should we
18	hear from the speaker before we
19	ask
20	MR. SYKES: No, we need to go on
21	and address this, if that's okay.
22	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Ms. Marianne
23	Hudson. Or are you going to do it?

1 MR. SYKES: First of all -- I'm 2 sorry, Legal Counsel. Get ready. 3 Unfortunately, we can't manage wildlife off of emotions. We have to 4 5 manage wildlife off of science. also manage off of population, not 7 individual animals, populations. 8 That's what we do. That's our job. 9 We do that for the citizens of 10 Alabama. We have to make hard 11 decisions that make people mad. 12 That's part of it. It doesn't mean 13 that we're wrong. A lot of us have 14 differences of opinions. It's what 15 makes America America, but just 16 because you don't agree with my 17 opinion, does not make us wrong. 18 quotes that Mr. Morse was making up, 19 y'all can look in the minutes of the 20 Board meeting because I pulled it up 21 where he thanked me and the 22 Department for working with him. 23 bunch of y'all were sitting here when

1	that happened. We have to base our
2	recommendations on facts, not
3	emotions.
4	Now I will turn it over to
5	Ms. Hudson because she has way more
6	facts than I do.
7	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you.
8	Remind you again, please respect
9	Ms. Hudson's time at the podium.
10	MS. HUDSON: I'm Marianne
11	Hudson. I'm the Conservation
12	Outreach Coordinator and also serve
13	as our Wildlife Rehabilitation Permit
14	Coordinator.
15	Wildlife rehabilitation is a
16	volunteer activity, so every Alabama
17	resident who's interested in
18	conducting wildlife rehabilitation
19	volunteers and applies for this
20	permit.
21	Alabama's wildlife
22	rehabilitation policies are among the
23	most lax in the nation. I work

1 closely with other permit 2 coordinators in other states to see 3 what they're requiring and perhaps consider upgrading the strictness of 5 ours due to what other surrounding states require of their permit 7 holders. With that being said, our 8 9 wildlife rehabilitation permits now 10 require a completed application 11 agreeing to the policies related to 12 the release and care of the animal 13 and also an inspection of enclosures. 14 Those enclosures are based on 15 recommendations by a nationally known 16 wildlife rehabilitation organization 17 called the NWRA, National Wildlife 18 Rehabilitation Association. 19 follow their recommendations 20 completely for enclosures. These are 21 not random requirements that we 22 created. 23 When we implemented that

1 standard of enclosures for the 2 animal, the number of rehabbers 3 dropped and that helped eliminate some of the deplorable conditions 5 that myself and our officers encountered when we inspected these 7 facilities and found animals kept in 8 dog crates for six months, beavers in 9 basement bathtubs for six to 10 eight months. So those minimum 11 standards of enclosures were very 12 important for the care and quality of 13 the animal and brought us up to speed 14 with national standards. 15 Since 2013, I have received 16 five completed applications and 17 requests for enclosure inspection. 18 All five of those applicants were 19 granted permits. I've received quite 20 a number of incomplete applications. 21 I've even gone to do facility 22 inspections and there have been no 23 enclosures there. But everyone who

1 met all the requirements of 2 enclosures and applied for a permit, 3 which has been five since 2013, have 4 received a permit. 5 When it comes to rabies vector species, as they mentioned, we 7 only have three permit holders for 8 that. When you introduce rabies into 9 the conversation, you introduce 10 public health, so our conversations 11 about that include cooperation with 12 the USDA and the Alabama Department 13 of Public Health. 14 Alabama is really on the 15 front lines. It's really a 16 battleground state to help prevent 17 the spread of rabies to other states. 18 As you know, the USDA spends millions 19 of dollars in our state alone to help 20 prevent spread of rabies. 21 Rehabilitators congregating 22 animals in cages and releasing them 23 away from their county of origin is

in direct conflict with public safety issues and the efforts of us to control wildlife diseases and also public safety concerns of the USDA and the Alabama Department of Public Health. All our recommendations for the animals are for the safety of the animals, the well-being of the animals, and despite that, although we only have a small number of permitted rehabbers now, I do get a fair amount of complaints from the public about these animals once they are released. For example, squirrels that are overly tame, deer that are overly tame and cause nuisance issues in the areas where they have been released by rehabbers.

When it comes to rabies, we have other concerns. We have documentation for permitted rehabbers releasing rabies vector species away from their county of origin, and even

in the counties that are currently naive to rabies, which, as you know, is not just an issue for public safety, but also the long-term health of the wildlife population, which is what we are concerned about the most, preserving these wildlife populations mixing these animals and releasing them contributes to the spread of disease.

In 2019, Big Bend Wildlife
Sanctuary, despite not having a
permit to possess raccoons, accepted
a rabid raccoon into their facility.
We did not get that information from
them but did hear later from the
Alabama Department of Public Health
about their call to try to find the
finders who were potentially exposed
to rabies through this endeavor.
Those people were never found.
However, it did lead to continued
conversations between our agency, the

Alabama Department of Public Health, and the USDA about how we handle permits to members of the public to handle animals that could potentially increase the risk of human health dangers.

So rabies vector species,
which do not include possums in our
state or any other state, are
restricted more than the other
species due to concerns for human
health and wildlife population.
Allowing these animals to mix in
cages and then be spread out to
counties where they're not currently
found, as far as the disease is not
currently found, is not something we
can sanction for both the wildlife
health and human safety issues.

Those folks that we've heard from today that are concerned about the lack of resources, we invite them to apply. As I mentioned, this is a

1	volunteer activity which takes a lot
2	of time, money, and resources, and
3	it's an extremely expensive hobby and
4	not a lot of people once they call
5	and find out the enclosure
6	requirements and the type of money
7	that they will be spending out of
8	their own pocket are, frankly, not
9	willing to do it. It's not a
10	facility we can drop on every street
11	corner. It's a volunteer activity.
12	And when people volunteer, they are
13	volunteering again their time, their
14	money, and resources. Of the five
15	people that have volunteered since
16	2013, each have received and
17	currently hold a permit.
18	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you,
19	Ms. Hudson.
20	Any questions from the
21	Board?
22	Any comments?
23	Thank you very much.

1 MR. PATE: Of course, I didn't 2 realize this was an issue. So there 3 actually is a program where you can 4 be an official rehabber. I mean --5 and so I don't know what -- you know, 6 we all know now, I think -- or y'all 7 maybe disagree -- you know, you're 8 not supposed to find a deer -- a 9 young deer by itself, you don't go 10 get the deer and go try to find its 11 I think we're not talking 12 about that, right? We're talking 13 about -- and so I don't really 14 understand what y'all's grind is if 15 there's a program there. And what 16 would you have them do? 17 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: I'll have to 18 ask you to come back to the podium. 19 I'm going to give you just a couple 20 of seconds. Go ahead, Marianne. 21 MS. HUDSON: Since possession of 22 protected wildlife is not legal 23 otherwise, we do issue permits for

1 wildlife rehabilitation, and so 2 basically these permits are in place 3 so when a member of the public finds 4 an animal that is in need of care and 5 rehabilitation action to remedy whatever its injuries or ailments 7 are, they are legally able to hold 8 that animal temporarily in captivity, 9 euthanize it if it needs to be 10 euthanized, or perhaps keep for a 11 period of time until its injuries are 12 healed and then release it back out 13 into the wild. And in order to 14 receive that permit, permit holders 15 have to have required enclosures and 16 agree to release the animal within 17 certain guidelines. 18 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. 19 Does that answer your question? 20 MR. PATE: Not really. So what 21 would be the animal -- I need 22 something more concrete. If a bird 23 falls out of a nest and has broken

its wing, is that what we're talking
about?

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MS. HUDSON: Yes. Let me give you an example. I receive animal reports from wildlife rehabilitators, and the majority of the animals that come into the facilities are those that should have been left where they So these are animals like baby deer that are waiting on the doe that are removed from the wild although they should have been left. are fledglings or brancher developing birds that should have been left. most often these animals are removed by well-meaning members of the public when they should have been left where they are. However, there are times where there may be a bird with a broken wing or an opossum that's been hit by a car, something that can recover from those injuries within a short period of time under the care

1	of a permitted individual.
2	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Is that
3	substantial?
4	MR. PATE: I want to hear their
5	side. They don't agree with that.
6	MS. SHEHAM: The problem is that
7	there was over a hundred rehabbers at
8	one time and it dropped down to 13
9	and the people are still rehabbing
10	underground. So they're still
11	putting them in these tiny cages.
12	They're still putting themselves at
13	risk. That's the issue. Without
14	getting them education and the
15	ability to actually rehab, you're
16	just keeping people underground. And
17	they're afraid, so they don't network
18	with each other.
19	MR. PATE: What would you have
20	us to do? I mean
21	MS. SHEHAM: There are
22	several
23	THE REPORTER: Hold on. Hold
	1

1 on. 2 I mean, I quess the MR. PATE: 3 question is there's a program in 4 place and so -- and it sounds like --5 MS. SHEHAM: I tried to --6 MR. PATE: -- it's a nationally 7 recognized sort of program. I don't 8 know why people went underground. 9 People do that in lots of industries, 10 whether it's not getting hunting 11 licenses or different reasons people 12 do that. But what would you have us 13 do? 14 MS. SHEHAM: The problem is I 15 wanted to apply after finding these 16 animals and there was nothing online 17 that I could fill into. There was no 18 application. It said not accepting 19 applications at this time. And that 20 was over probably a year period. 21 you're not giving us the option. 22 There's only one point of contact if 23 you'd like to be a rehabber.

have to call that person. And the people I've talked to because I'm a part of another organization, they've all been talked to like they're idiots, and they're talked to rudely when they call the Department because they don't want rehabbers because it's not bringing them money like fishing licenses and hunting licenses. They don't spend money on things they don't want to spend money on.

CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. It seems that there is a solution to the problem, that is, applying for an approved rehabber permit, be inspected, and be part of it. That seems obvious, and that's what I would recommend that you do. You have your understanding of what the rehabbers do and that there is a program available for additional rehabbers. That is correct. I'm

1	sorry. I'm not taking any
2	questions
3	MS. MORSE: That's not fair,
4	sir.
5	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: from the
6	MS. MORSE: The problem is we
7	don't have a two-way conversation
8	with the Department. It is their way
9	or the highway.
10	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Ms. Morse, that
11	is a matter something to be dealt
12	with with the person that manages
13	that.
14	MS. MORSE: They won't. We have
15	tried.
16	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: I find that
17	hard to believe, and I'm not going to
18	accept any dialogue with you here
19	unless you're at the podium.
20	We'd like to move on to the
21	next
22	MS. MORSE: I'll move back to
23	the podium and explain this further.

1	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: There are other
2	people here. And we understand
3	exactly
4	MS. MORSE: It's not fair.
5	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: what you're
6	saying.
7	MS. MORSE: I want to go on
8	Record this is not fair. This is the
9	
10	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Then it's on
11	the Record that it's not fair.
12	MS. SHEHAM: We have 11,000
13	signatures that says it needs to
14	change in Alabama.
15	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Very good.
16	Let's work to be part of the
17	solution.
18	MS. SHEHAM: I'm trying very
19	hard.
20	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Next? Yes,
21	Mr. Hartzog?
22	MR. HARTZOG: Could I ask that
23	maybe the Department we have a

1	nongame section, correct?
2	MR. SYKES: (Nods head.)
3	MR. HARTZOG: Why not appoint
4	several members of the nongame
5	section to work with Marianne and to
6	work with these people. The people
7	that are underground I mean, the
8	way I'm hearing this is the people
9	that are underground probably
10	couldn't pass inspection. Well,
11	they if they're going to rehab,
12	they need to pass the inspection.
13	MS. SHEHAM: And any education.
14	There's no education.
15	MR. HARTZOG: Okay. But maybe
16	if the Commissioner would set up a
17	committee with Marianne and a couple
18	members of the go ahead, Chuck.
19	MR. SYKES: I'm sorry. We
20	already have a committee. Marianne
21	doesn't do anything unilaterally.
22	She works with law enforcement, she
23	works with nongame, she works it's
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1 already there. 2 MR. HARTZOG: Okay. But it may 3 be to try to -- take one step to try 4 to is acceptable to me, say, within 5 the next -- before the next meeting to have them report back to --7 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Mr. Hartzog, it 8 seems that the procedures are in 9 place within the Department. It's 10 not something that I think we as a 11 Board have to reinvent. That is 12 something that's in place. 13 available. I do believe that there 14 are educational opportunities for 15 these rehabbers. Somewhere I have 16 read that there are educational 17 opportunities. I won't debate. 18 thank you, but I think that that's in 19 place. Am I right, Ms. Hudson? the education, but there's a process 20 21 in place? 22 MS. HUDSON: That's right. So 23 we have our website, we have a

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contact information list on the website, folks can contact us and inquire about permits. I get inquiries, a few a week, and when people find out that they need to have minimum enclosures, quite often they just do not want to proceed because, as you mentioned, a lot of people would rather just do it in deplorable conditions at times and they do. And we cannot stop people from doing it illegally. All we can do is sanction and recommend people do it well, and we do have a system in place for that.

COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP:

Mr. Chairman, I would just suggest that I will review the procedures and process with our staff and make sure that we feel that it's adequate what we're doing and bring the report back to the Board at the May meeting.

CHAIRMAN DOBBS: That sounds

1	like a perfect example of a solution.
2	Thank you very much.
3	Let's move on. Our next
4	speaker is Mr. Matt Whitfield.
5	MR. WHITFIELD: Chairman,
6	gentlemen of the Board, thank you for
7	your time. I'm a little bit nervous.
8	I've never had this many game wardens
9	watching me.
10	MR. BANNON: That you know of.
11	MR. WHITFIELD: I am the
12	president of the Alabama Hawking
13	Association and also the
14	representative of the Alabama
15	Falconry Raptor Council. So I am a
16	permitted general falconer and small
17	game hunter in the state of Alabama.
18	And let me give you just a brief
19	description of falconry.
20	Falconry is the taking of
21	wild quarry in its natural state with
22	a trained raptor. Falconry does not
23	include keeping the birds of prey for

any other reason other than hunting.

Because our birds are a natural resource, we have obligations to ensure that the continued availability of that resource is plentiful.

Falconry offers the highest form of protection of an animal by a human. We feed them, nurse them when they're sick, protect them from predators, and we also give them a step up while they're juveniles to help learn to survive by the next winter.

Now, there is a high mortality rate in birds of prey just by nature. Humans also play a harmful role in that mortality rate due to lack of education. And we're proposing a poster be generated and sent out to help with this. I've included that poster I think with the packet that you gentlemen have

1 received. 2 Indiana has a similar 3 program like what we're proposing, 4 and I think there's a potential donor 5 paper that I've handed you that might 6 have some of the donors we've used to 7 handle the money for that. And those 8 posters we'd like to put in State 9 Parks or, you know, maybe schools or 10 other places of education. 11 Falconry and rehabilitation 12 programs, even though they're 13 different, different-type programs, 14 have been dramatically successful 15 throughout the years in helping 16 conservation of birds of prey, and we 17 hope that us as falconers can partner 18 with you, the Conservation Board, to 19 help with that. I've got 45 seconds. 20 I can say whatever I want. 21 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: You certainly 22 may, but let me take some of that 23

time and ask the Board if they have

1 any questions for you. 2 All right. Thank you very 3 much. 4 There again, what MR. PATE: 5 is -- is he asking us to do something? 7 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: It's my 8 understanding he had a point and we 9 appreciate the knowledge that you 10 brought to us. 11 COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: 12 Mr. Pate, we have received the 13 information from him earlier in the 14 week, and we've passed that in our 15 Department and there was some -- we 16 want to work with him on the poster 17 material provided to make sure that 18 it meets -- it has some grammatical 19 problems and a few other things that 20 we're not opposed to trying to get 21 worked out with their group and what 22 they do and educational things around 23 the State Parks and others. It fits

1 well within our mission. 2 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Our next 3 speaker is Randy Blelew. 4 MR. BLELEW: Thank y'all for 5 being -- taking the time out of your Saturdays. I'm here to talk about 7 the limits on fishing. 8 It's been called to my 9 attention you can catch a limit 10 today, say -- let's skip everything 11 on this list except crappie. You go 12 fishing today and catch a limit. 13 Tomorrow -- it's been called to my 14 attention I can't go fishing tomorrow 15 for crappie because I got a limit 16 that I caught legal today. Chapter 2 17 right here it says it's unlawful to 18 possess more than one limit. Where 19 does that limit, the possession, come 20 in? And I'll put this limit in the 21 freezer. Where does that limit --22 that possession stop and start. And 23 that is my question. I can't get an

1 answer from nobody to -- does it 2 carry on until I eat that limit or 3 what? 4 COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: 5 think the best thing to do would just have you talk with one of our game 7 wardens at a break or afterwards. 8 But you're asking if you can have 9 more than one limit on the boat at a 10 time? 11 MR. BLELEW: No. In my home in 12 my freezer, where does that 13 possession stop and start? I've been 14 told for me to go fishing tomorrow 15 because I got a limit, I need to take 16 ten, give it away. I can go catch 17 ten instead of my daily limit. 18 COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: 19 think the best thing to do would be 20 to talk to one of our game wardens 21 about that. This is not a statewide 22 issue that there's -- people are 23 having problems with that

1	understanding of the possession
2	limit, I don't believe.
3	MR. BLELEW: It's right here in
4	the book.
5	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Again, as the
6	Commissioner said, my recommendation
7	is you pick one of these gentlemen.
8	They all know the rules and
9	regulations, what then is redeemed to
10	your possession or becomes in your
11	possession that would then allow you
12	to go catch more fish. They can
13	explain that to you succinctly.
14	Thank you very much. Our
15	next speaker is Mr. Tim Mullek.
16	MR. MULLEK: Good morning,
17	Chairman and gentlemen of the Board.
18	I am asking this Board to consider
19	recommending a regulation change from
20	one unantlered deer per day to two
21	unantlered on private and leased
22	lands.
23	I am a cotton and a peanut

1 farmer in Robertsdale, which is 2 Baldwin County. You guys may ask why 3 do we need a regulation change. 4 summer and for several years, I have 5 applied for and received depredation 6 permits from the DCNR. Working with 7 them is easy. No complaints there. 8 I counted when I was sitting in the 9 back, this summer we shot 228 deer. 10 This problem is not unique to 11 Baldwin County. It is in Dallas, 12 Barbour, Russell, Mobile, and 13 Escambia. 14 Why would a regulation 15 change be better for everybody? 16 First of all, when we shoot them in 17 the summer, we have to let them lay and that's a waste. If hunters could 18 19 shoot them in the winter, they can 20 clean them and eat them. 21 Secondly, during the hunting 22 season, a hunter can very easily 23 distinguish between a doe and a

yearling easy. Does have got the 1 2 long nose. Yearlings are smaller. 3 When we shoot them in the summer with 4 a thermal, you see the deer. Can I 5 see horns? Yeah. I don't -- that's not my problem. But when you shoot 7 an unantlered deer in the summer, a 8 certain percentage of them are males, 9 and so I think the hunter can do a 10 better job than a farmer can in the 11 summer. And that's all I have. 12 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Okay. So to 13 sum that up for us, you're 14 recommending a two-doe limit in what 15 part of Baldwin County? 16 MR. MULLEK: I think it should 17 be statewide. If an area does not 18 have a deer problem, people will 19 self-regulate. They'll only shoot one or none. And I think in the old 20 21 days the regulation read two deer a 22 day, you can only have one buck and 23 one doe. So you can't -- we're

1 not -- you can't have a buck and two 2 does. We're not asking for three. 3 But to be able to kill two unantlered 4 deer per day every day of the season 5 not on management area. CHAIRMAN DOBBS: I understand. 7 I understand what you're asking for. 8 Are there any questions from 9 the Board? Thank you, Mr. Mullek. 10 We 11 understand. 12 Our next speaker is 13 Mr. Glenn Cox. 14 MR. COX: Thank you, Mr. Dobbs 15 and the Board. My request today is 16 pretty simple. I'm from Gadsden, 17 Alabama. This is about Zone E up in 18 Cleburne County, Cherokee County, 19 Calhoun County. And I know it's been 20 going on a couple of years, and I 21 don't know if there's any data that 22 you have gotten back from that area 23 with the change to move the season up

1 two weeks as well as bring the end of 2 the season up two weeks. I know 3 going back and looking at the 4 minutes, it was recommended even when 5 this was being looked at is to maybe leave the end of the season alone, 7 and that's really all that myself and the other hunters and landowners in 8 9 that area that I've talked to --10 that's all they're recommending or 11 would like to see is for the end of 12 our season to stay the same as 13 February the 10th, I believe it is. 14 Because right now what we've got is 15 the season has moved up -- and, 16 again, I understand that the data 17 showed that the rut was coming in 18 earlier up there, which we all knew 19 that, but for us, even with the 20 regular dates, we found the rut was a 21 week or two after the season opened 22 was really when things got started. 23 Now, we bow hunt, so for us,

1 you know, it doesn't matter that it's 2 moved up. And I quess as Mr. Hartzog 3 I think had mentioned back then is 4 because we have limits of three bucks 5 anyway and we have limits on does, then why all the changes in different 7 zones and carving out places for -and, again, I know you guys don't 8 9 want to end up with 20 zones in 10 Alabama, but if everybody simply 11 moved up two weeks, is it going to 12 matter? Then you can start 13 eliminating Zone E and just say we're 14 moving up two weeks. People aren't 15 going to rush out in those two weeks 16 and say, well, I think we're just 17 going to kill a bunch more deer, 18 because if their rut's not until 19 January, they don't care that it's 20 moved up two weeks. 21 So for us really all we're 22 wanting to do -- and I've talked to a 23 lot of other landowners and people

1	around us in that area is do you
2	have any data you can provide that
3	shows that this is some great benefit
4	to not have the two weeks at the end
5	of the season; and the reason I say
6	that is at the end of our season, we
7	have a second rut which actually
8	starts it literally starts right
9	around the time now that our season
10	closes, and it runs from the end of
11	January around the 24th, 25th, all
12	the way through December 10th. And
13	we have trail cams, we have data, we
14	have all that to prove that.
15	MS. JONES: Time.
16	MR. COX: If I can go on just a
17	second.
18	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Get to your
19	point.
20	MR. COX: My point is we'd like
21	to get our February 10th date back.
22	We've been hunting it, and then all
23	of a sudden for the last two years,

1	we're sitting here looking at trail
2	cams and we're watching deer start a
3	whole second rut that we've always
4	been able to hunt and now it's just
5	like, sorry, you can't do that
6	anymore. So, again, my simple
7	request is we'd like to go back to
8	our finishing day of February the
9	10th in Cleburne County.
10	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Okay. You
11	spoke of Cleburne, Calhoun, and
12	Cherokee?
13	MR. COX: Yes, sir.
14	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you very
15	much.
16	Any questions from my right
17	or the left about this? Any redress?
18	Thank you very much.
19	Our next speaker is
20	Ms. Martha Strange.
21	MS. STRANGE: I'm Martha Strange
22	from Talladega County.
23	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Good morning.

1 MS. STRANGE: My concern is with 2 the deer dog hunting. I've been a 3 property owner next to the Talladega 4 National Forest for 20-plus years. 5 MR. B. JONES: Speak up, please. 6 MS. STRANGE: And I don't want 7 to appear adversarial. I've actually 8 spent some good time talking with 9 some of the deer dog hunters here 10 today. But my point is I'm not 11 against hunting; I'm not against a 12 person hunting with his dog. I don't 13 hunt. My husband hunts and I've got 14 friends that squirrel hunt with their 15 dog, but they control their dogs. 16 What we're against is the person or 17 persons releasing a group of dogs to 18 run loose across our property, and we 19 see that -- our perception of that is 20 trespassing. 21 For example, the deer dog 22 hunters will drive up to two gates, 23 one next to the property and one

1 close to the property line, release 2 their dogs, and our perception is 3 that dog deer hunters know where 4 their dogs are. Their dogs are 5 wearing GPS collars, so the hunters are allowing their dogs to trespass 7 on private property. Dog deer 8 hunters increase this risk when they 9 release their dogs with close 10 proximity to private property. And I 11 came today -- my intent was to ask 12 why we cannot ban dog deer hunting in 13 Talladega National Forest as is true 14 for the rest of the national forest 15 in Alabama. 16 And I have filed complaints 17 with Jerry Fincher. We've talked to 18 Jeff Martin. I talked with Lonnie 19 Miller, who is the dog hunter 20 association. 21 Now, Lonnie Miller gave me a 22 lot of good information. He said the 23 dogs can be trained to not go on

private property by -- I may not be using the right word -- but shock collar training. And if the dog deer hunters can control their dogs, then I have no issue. My issue is coming on my property. But if they can't control their dogs, then we don't think they should be allowed to trespass on our property.

I spoke with -- the premise is why are dogs allowed with GPS collars on and hunters know where the dogs are to be able to run free on other people's property. I spoke with Lonnie this week -- and, again, he's the dog hunting association -- and he did say he is willing to work with us. He said he's willing to work within next season, but I wanted to -- I was told if you don't complain -- like you said, there's only one complaint -- if you don't make a complaint, then guys don't

1 know that this is still an issue in 2 the Talladega National Forest. So 3 working -- I'd like to go forward 4 with Jeff and Lonnie and Kyle and 5 let's work next year and see can't we do a better job with the dog hunting 7 in Talladega National Forest. 8 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you very 9 much for your attitude. That's 10 wonderful. Please do stay in touch 11 with your representative, with Jeff 12 Martin. Please stay in touch with 13 him. I'm going to make a note here 14 for that too for me. 15 Our next speaker -- I'm 16 sorry. Are there any questions from 17 my right or the left? 18 Our next speaker is Mr. Max 19 Freeman. 20 Thank you-all for MR. FREEMAN: 21 your time. I'm a deer hunter. 22 hunt the same woods that Ms. Strange 23 owns and the national forestry for

the last 44 years. I have not had problems with the dogs until the last three years where they've been banned in other counties and stuff like this. There's many other folks that hunts the national forestry too that don't want dogs.

We spend a lot of time and money on our land beside the national forestry to increase and develop good deer and stuff like that, and now we're having people to come from other counties where it's been banned from their county to come in our county and destroy our population and take all of our deer back home with them.

They're not doing it right.

They're trashing our woods. They're making our roads dangerous by flying up and down the roads trying to cut their dogs off with the GPS. They're no longer standing the roads they

1 used to. They're riding the roads 2 and following their GPS tracking. 3 They're no longer turning their dogs 4 out in certain spots where needs to 5 They're going along the road where they know the deer is behind 7 the population of houses and stuff 8 like that, turning them out from the 9 main road and then running them back 10 up in the national forestry and 11 waiting on them to come up through 12 there and then shoot them. 13 As a person with interest in 14 the hunting, I spend a lot of time in 15 the woods fixing my property and 16 other property to be able to hunt 17 without them interfering with us. 18 There's enough of them. 19 How come they don't have to 20 go and lease them some land to run 21 their dogs on? They've run other 22 people that's paying the forestry 23 taxes or whatever and buying the land

23

and leasing and stuff to -- they have no concern over it. They're running their dogs through it, and we can't do nothing about it. I can't stop a man running down the road. He stops when you're not there, throw his dogs out, and then runs up on the map and waits for his dogs and he's tracking It's like shooting a deer in a GPS. the butt with a dart, you're going to find it sooner or later. It's not fair. It's not fair to the people that's took time to prepare their land and everything else for these people to come from other counties that they're already busted up and done away with their welcome to come to our part that borders the national forestry and all and destroy what we've worked so hard for and done just because they have some dogs and they want to get out there and ride the roads and chase their deer with a

1	GPS. That's not hunting. That's not
2	sport.
3	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Understood.
4	Thank you for being here. Are you
5	saying that these dog deer hunters
6	cross your property, trespass on your
7	property?
8	MR. FREEMAN: Yes, sir.
9	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Not just on the
10	road?
11	MR. FREEMAN: Yes, sir. They're
12	going across everybody's property.
13	If I'm not mistaken, I talked to some
14	of the game wardens. They say as
15	long as they aren't within 50 yards
16	of a dwelling and on national
17	forestry, they can turn them loose.
18	Well, if they got a little bitty
19	50-yard spot of national forestry and
20	then the rest of it's privately owned
21	land, they go to that one little spot
22	right there, throw their dogs in, and
23	then run over to the big part of

1	national forestry and come through
2	our land, which we have put feed
3	plots and taken care of to keep the
4	deer around there, and run into them
5	by going through our land.
6	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. The
7	Board, I believe, has a sense of your
8	issue. And, again, thank you for
9	being here.
10	Any questions?
11	Thank you.
12	I'm sorry. Mr. Martin?
13	MR. MARTIN: Yeah, I would
14	suggest to get with Lonnie.
15	MR. FREEMAN: We have talked.
16	I'm with Ms. Strange, and we have
17	talked and we've had this problem and
18	it's coming from St. Clair County,
19	Pell City. And it's three major
20	groups that's doing this, and we
21	can't every time they tell us we
22	can't do nothing with the dogs. You
23	can't catch them. You catch them,

1	and you try to give them back to
2	them. They get smart if you mess
3	with their dogs. They claim you do
4	something to them. Nobody's doing
5	nothing to their dogs. We just want
6	them to stay off of our land that we
7	have prepared for us. It would be
8	like you fixing your crop for your
9	food and you took all summer fixing
10	it and preparing, and then somebody
11	from the neighboring county come over
12	and walked through your property and
13	picked what they wanted and you've
14	worked all this time for it.
15	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you,
16	Mr. Freeman. We appreciate it very
17	much.
18	Again, any other questions?
19	Our next speaker is
20	Mr. Charles Stewart.
21	MR. STEWART: Mr. Dobbs, Board
22	members, my name is Charles Stewart.
23	I'm from Opp in Covington County, and

I appreciate the opportunity here to speak today. I'm a property owner in Covington County, and I'm here today to get some issues resolved concerning dog hunters, specifically encroachment.

The activity that goes along with dog hunting right around -- I'm basically surrounded. I own a hundred acres. I lease another 130 that we use for hunting and recreation, and everybody knows you can't compete with the dog hunters. And like the gentleman just said, I'm having the exact same issues.

And this is the third time
that I've brought this in front of
the Board. The previous two meetings
I sent an email to my district reps.
I was unfortunately unable to come to
the meeting. And after reading the
minutes, I believe it said that there
were no dog issues. However, I

submitted issues both those times.

The guy that had the lease that I have now submitted a letter to the Board having the same issues. Which he had the lease for two years and gave it up after that because of the issues with dog hunters.

And like the gentleman said before me, it's just the same. They come up to the property line, let their dogs out, and they run across the property line and you have no recourse of action.

On the west side and south side of my leased property is all dog hunting areas. They lease 12,000 acres around us, and as soon as hunting starts, I get pictures of dogs running all over my property. I get pictures of GPS collared dogs running through my property chasing deer. For over an hour I get these pictures of these dogs. That's not

1 an accident.

I've tried talking with the president of the hunting club, and last year when we first bought the property, he said he'd throw it out in front of the Board for a vote and get back with me. He never got back with me. I left two messages, two phone calls, two messages, and I've heard nothing.

So this year, I put out a lot more cameras, and I got — as soon as hunting season started, I get pictures of dogs running all through my property. They're not the neighbor's dogs. They're collared. They're uncollared. So you've got the rogue dog hunters. They're not permitted. They're not a part of the county. You've got the rogue dog hunters that release their dogs across the road running them through the property.

1 I filed three reports with 2 the game wardens this year, and I was 3 sorry to waste their time. They come 4 up, they take the report, and say we 5 can't do anything. We don't know 6 whose dogs they are. Even though 7 they're collared and there's a dog 8 hunting club around me, they won't --9 they can't do anything. Their hands 10 are tied. I've got a picture of a 11 dog hunter with a radio trespassing 12 on my property this year. Even the 13 game warden said, yes, it's probably 14 a dog hunter. 15 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. 16 understand completely. Do you know 17 the names that are on the dog 18 collars? Do you know the dog hunting 19 club? 20 Sir, I don't have MR. STEWART: 21 the time to research this to go catch 22 dogs. 23 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. I'm

1 just curious. 2 MR. STEWART: But there is a dog 3 hunting club around. Yes, I know 4 what you're saying. 5 COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: Are you north or south of Highway 84? 7 MR. STEWART: South, sir. 8 They're not permitted in that part of 9 the county. But what I'm 10 specifically asking for if I could, 11 please, is a buffer zone for private 12 property owners. And there are two 13 issues, one is the constant dog 14 encroachment on the property. You're 15 chasing your tail. It's like putting 16 a Band-Aid on a gaping wound. Like I 17 said, when you get dogs running deer 18 an hour on your property and they're 19 whistle trained, it's not an 20 accident. And the other one is the 21 constant activity around the property 22 line. I got a -- what the dog 23 hunters call an 18-acre field and

1	I've got a shooting house on it. You
2	sit there in the morning. Well,
3	right at daylight here they come, so
4	you might as well just climb down and
5	go back to the house because ain't
6	nothing going to happen while you're
7	sitting there.
8	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you.
9	MR. STEWART: A buffer zone for
10	private property owners on the dog
11	hunting.
12	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. Our
13	next speaker is Michael Bragg.
14	MR. HARTZOG: Mr. Chairman,
15	could I address because the
16	gentleman is from Kevin and I's
17	section.
18	We've gotten his letters.
19	The proposal that he made, it sounded
20	like in one of the emails he sent us
21	the club was trying to work and they
22	actually fenced so that the dogs
23	could not encroach, so it sounded

1 like the dog club was working with 2 him. 3 The other thing was he was 4 wanting a 500-yard buffer zone. 5 Well, you apply a 500-yard buffer zone, the dog hunters get 500 also, 7 so if you do 500 yards, 500 yards, 8 500 yards, you've got a 200-acre 9 tract of land that you couldn't hunt 10 if you applied 500 yards. 11 So we've read his letter. 12 understand his problem, but it 13 sounded to me in the email that Kevin 14 and I got that the dog club had 15 actually fenced one whole section to 16 try to keep the dogs from trespassing, so, you know, maybe you 17 18 need to get with that club and see if 19 they will go and fence some of the 20 other. 21 MR. STEWART: I did that, sir. 22 I asked the club if they could make 23 that a stalk hunting area, and they

1	never returned my call. I tried
2	working with them, and when they
3	don't return your calls, that's
4	pretty much that we're not going to
5	work with you is what I got out of
6	that. So that's why I'm here today
7	is to try to get this
8	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Mr. Hartzog,
9	what I would recommend is that you
10	help facilitate that program, that
11	you work through that with them and
12	help solve this.
13	MR. HARTZOG: Lonnie, if you
14	will get that particular dog club to
15	maybe meet with Kevin and I and we
16	can meet in my office in a conference
17	room. I'm sure Kevin will allow us
18	to use his conference room also.
19	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. No
20	other questions?
21	Mr. Bragg, I'm sorry.
22	MR. BRAGG: No problem, sir.
23	Thank you for your time,

1 Mr. Chairman, and thank you to the 2 committee for allowing us to be here. 3 My name is Michael Bragg. Ι 4 am a member of the Alabama Tracking 5 Alliance. I'm here today to speak about Nose to Ground Alabama: Wounded 7 Game Recovery. I passed out 8 pamphlets for everybody to have. And 9 what Nose to Ground: Wounded Game 10 Recovery is we're a group of trackers 11 that believes in the ethical recovery 12 of wounded game and the use of 13 tracking dogs. We strive to provide 14 quality tracking service for all 15 Alabama hunters statewide. We also 16 encourage the group sport that we 17 love by assisting new handlers and 18 teams in the journey to become 19 successful tracking teams. And one 20 of our goals is that --21 There's a lot of myths about 22 what we do, a lot of myths that -- a 23 trained tracking dog doesn't run

every deer in the woods. They are trained to track one specific deer. Our dogs are trained to track only one deer. When we're in the woods with our dogs, they're trained on an individual gland to stay on that — only one deer. And so by doing that is why we are different than any other dog that is used in the woods.

Our dogs are not deer dogs.

And so by that also is that we have a group of guidelines that we suggest to hunters is that don't call everybody in the neighborhood to help you look for your deer. And, you know, we wait and we try to educate the hunters by everything we do.

We also have a training

program to where -- we go through

United Blood Tracking Organization,

which is a worldwide organization

that helps train handlers and dogs

how to successfully help hunters

1	recover wounded game. Our
2	organization is the only organization
3	that helps hunters recover wounded
4	game, and that's what we're striving
5	to set ourself apart from any other
6	organization.
7	We are not against deer dog
8	hunting. We're not against any other
9	type of hunting that anybody wants to
10	do legally in the state of Alabama.
11	What we are asking is that we are not
12	included in any other laws that
13	pertain to deer dogs. We do not want
14	to be associated with any laws
15	pertaining to deer dogs.
16	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: We understand.
17	And I think I speak for the Board.
18	We understand that there is a
19	distinction.
20	Are there any questions?
21	No questions.
22	Thank you.
23	MR. PATE: Is there a problem?

1 I mean, is there a problem? Have you 2 been included? 3 MR. BRAGG: Yes, sir. Last year 4 in the SB 381, the Alabama Dog 5 Hunting Association with their bill that they had drafted up included 7 tracking dogs. And they stated that 8 they were no different than deer 9 dogs, and we're completely different. 10 And so last year they moved that. 11 Also, it got to House Bill 381. And 12 then this year my understanding is 13 they're going to try to reintroduce 14 the bill, and I just want to state 15 that we are not the same. 16 That sounds like more MR. PATE: 17 of a political issue that you need to 18 talk to your representative. 19 MR. BRAGG: Yeah, we have done 20 that, but I also want to educate the 21 Board here that if you hear 22 something, we don't have any 23 complaints about our dogs and what we

1 do. We don't cross the property line 2 without permission. We tell people 3 before we even come if you don't have 4 permission, we're not coming. 5 you know -- and we follow the game 6 laws. 7 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: We understand. 8 Thank you very much. 9 Next speaker is Mr. Don 10 Knight. 11 MR. KNIGHT: I'm Don Knight. I 12 live in Anniston, Alabama, and hunt 13 in Fayette County. I moved out of 14 Grady's area where I'd leave him 15 alone. 16 Just to start right here, I 17 want to brag on these people that 18 just talked. And there is a 19 difference in our dogs. My dogs -- I 20 can speak on my dogs. My dogs run 21 the deer. They'll run the heck out 22 of it, but when I take those same 23 dogs out there to track a wounded

deer, if it's fresh, they'll find it.

If it's not that fresh and the deer

crosses -- another deer crosses,

whoop, there goes my dogs. They

going to the freshest smell.

Okay. I want you to understand that because I think these people are doing a tremendous great job, the recovery people. And when you see a young kid get that first deer and these people track it for him, they're amazing. It will make your whole heart and your whole life fess up a little bit. It's a great thing to have going.

And I'd like to ask the

Board -- you know, last meeting I had
a little say about the permits. And
I'd like for y'all to consider
enforcing the permit system like it
was set up, because you're going to
want people to enforce things you're
doing today later on down the years

that you've made good. And the Board was set up to give people after a couple of years on the permit system the opportunity to get off.

Now, let me tell you, most of the people that I know that are on the permit system right now would be willing to get off the permit system but they'd still hunt by it.

Okay. In most cases the people I talk to, they'd still hunt by the regulations. They've got used to them. But they'd just — it's kind of like taking a shot. You know, you want to make that decision on your own. If you get a shot, that's your business. If you don't get a shot, that's your business.

And that's kind of the way we are under the permit system. We'd like for that — y'all make them — your people right here make the decision.

Just talk with them and if you hadn't

1	had any problems with them, take them
2	off. They'll probably still hunt by
3	the rules and regulations. Most of
4	them I've talked to will. And so,
5	you know, we want you to be
6	represented and we want you to be
7	respected for holding up the laws
8	that other Boards have set up. It
9	don't just be if it ain't broke don't
10	fix it.
11	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: I agree. Thank
12	you, Don, for being here today.
13	Any questions?
14	MR. KNIGHT: My time is not up
15	yet.
16	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: It looked like
17	you had finished.
18	MR. KNIGHT: Well, I'm working
19	on it. No, my time's up.
20	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you, Don.
21	Any questions?
22	None.
23	Thank you.

1	Next speaker is Koty
2	McCarley.
3	MR. MCCARLEY: Thank you,
4	Chairman. Thank you, Board, for
5	allowing us this opportunity.
6	I want to start by thanking
7	Board Member Raymond Jones. Raymond,
8	you may recall we had a situation in
9	the 2021 season where we had to deal
LO	with a situation in Colbert County.
L1	You chose to give us a line of
L2	communication to work with you on
L3	that, and I just want to say thank
L 4	you.
L5	My primary reason for being
L6	here today is a request for the
L7	permit system that was just spoke
L8	about. The request is that be
L9	expanded into Franklin County. I
20	submitted some material. I hope that
21	you have that.
22	Franklin County was
23	completely closed in 2002, has never

1 been given the opportunity to be able 2 to hunt on this permit system. 3 are currently 17 counties in Alabama where the permit system is used to be 4 5 able to have a season for deer 6 hunting with dogs. Along with 7 certain other regulations, the main 8 requirement for this permit system is 9 500 continuous acres of property. 10 am focusing this request primarily on 11 two hunting clubs. Both of these 12 clubs would qualify for these 13 requirements if it was just made 14 available to us. And you can see on 15 the map that I have submitted, you 16 can see that acreage that these clubs 17 have. And I've already submitted 18 some highlighted areas with Franklin 19 County, gave you a couple of 20 different options there you can look 21 at. 22 All throughout the state, 23 the permit areas are defined by

highways, city limits, waterways, just different ways that these areas are defined. And you can see I have defined a few of those so you have some options to look at.

I want you to notice that this would be a small expansion. You know, there are areas nearby where dog deer hunting already exists.

It's not like we're making a real large expansion. That's not what I'm asking for.

And I want to point out right here technology. I know this has already been spoke about, but things have changed a lot in 20 years. You know, 20 years ago when we were closed down in Franklin County, we did not have the ability to look at our handheld Garmin unit and say, hey, my dog's fixing to cross onto this other property, I better go catch it. We didn't have

1	that then, but we have that now.
2	And I want to point to the
3	Geneva State Forest hunt that we have
4	each year; that's just proof that
5	this technology works. We turn loose
6	a hundred dogs at a time multiple
7	times a day. We keep them all in
8	bounds. So if you're willing to use
9	it, the technology works. And I'm
10	confident that if you will expand
11	this with this technology, we can
12	make this work in Franklin County for
13	the hunters and for the property
14	owners as well. I can say this with
15	confidence because I have volunteered
16	in this Geneva hunt, and I am a
17	member of a club in Colbert County in
18	Mr. Jones' district where we use this
19	technology. Can I get just about 30
20	more seconds, please?
21	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Yes, 30
22	seconds. Go.
23	MR. MCCARLEY: I want you to

1 consider these questions. Is it 2 right that myself and my kids and the 3 other hunters of this generation are 4 still being punished for the previous 5 actions of the previous generation? Is it right that -- or do we, the new 7 generation, deserve a chance to prove 8 to you that we can do this the right 9 way? So I just want you to consider 10 these as you consider this request. 11 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you, 12 Mr. McCarley. 13 Any questions? 14 MR. WOOD: I do have a question. 15 Is all the property contiguous? 16 it all joined together, number one; 17 and number two, is there private 18 landowners kind of intermingled 19 inside of this property? 20 MR. MCCARLEY: No private 21 landowners in the interior. It's all 22 timber company land lease. 23 asking for an equal opportunity,

1	guys.
2	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Mr. Jones?
3	MR. R. JONES: First of all,
4	Koty, thank you very much. Koty's
5	been very helpful working out dog
6	deer hunting issues and all that. I
7	do want to point out, though, that
8	the area that was closed and what
9	he's asking if everybody was like
10	Koty in the state, it would probably
11	be okay. But this unfortunately,
12	not everybody in the state is
13	honorable like Koty is, and if we
14	open an area that's been closed, it
15	sets an incredibly bad precedent for
16	the entire state because now we can't
17	we'd have to open it for
18	everybody, and I just want to point
19	that out.
20	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: And, Koty, as
21	you know, all of these closures or
22	permit systems were worked through
23	for a number of years before any

1 actions were taken. It's been on and 2 ongoing like these folks here. So 3 it's, I'm sure, that the Board will 4 take under advisement and review. 5 Thank you for being here. The next speaker is 7 Ms. Susan Morrow. 8 MS. MORROW: Good morning, 9 Chairman. 10 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Good morning, 11 Susan. 12 MS. MORROW: I just wanted to 13 come up here and say thank you to all 14 of y'all, Mr. Sykes, all the 15 Conservation Department, for not 16 putting any more restrictions on us 17 dog deer hunters. We have tried very 18 hard. And to the ones that have 19 complaints, we have disassociated 20 ourselves with bad dog hunters. And 21 in our areas where we hunt, we don't 22 turn a deer dog loose without a GPS 23 collar on it, and we do it the right

1	way. We can't control all of the bad
2	dog hunters, but we have
3	disassociated ourselves with them.
4	And I think that the Board and Chuck
5	and the Conservation Department can
6	probably tell you that we have done a
7	very good job in the last couple of
8	years. But I just wanted to thank
9	y'all.
10	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you,
11	Susan. Always glad to see you here.
12	Our next speaker is Mr. Lane
13	Stephens.
14	MR. STEPHENS: Thank you,
15	Chairman and Commissioners. I am
16	Lane Stephens from Tallahassee,
17	Florida, with SCG Governmental
18	Affairs. I am the lobbyist for the
19	Alabama Dog Hunters Association. I
20	am not here asking for anything,
21	Commissioner. I just want to give
22	some thanks and give some
23	information.

1 First, back in December, I 2 had hoped to see Chuck at the 3 National Assembly of Sportsmen's 4 Caucuses. He unfortunately was not 5 there. But I thanked him then and will thank him again now for the 7 continued success of the Geneva State 8 hunt that Koty mentioned earlier. 9 And this year, it was also expanded 10 to a one-day youth hunt. And we 11 thank him and his staff for allowing 12 that to occur. I was able to show 13 some pictures from that event at the 14 National Assembly of Sportsmen's 15 Caucuses meeting and the legislators 16 in attendance and those watching 17 really enjoyed that. 18 And that's one of the other 19 things I wanted to share with you was 20 at that meeting, Alabama Dog Hunters 21 Association, the Southeastern Dog 22 Hunting Association, Florida State 23 Dog Hunters Association, and the

North Central Dog Hunters Association sponsored a session on the heritage of hunting deer with families. I, along with George Worthy, the director of the Division of Hunting and Game Management in Florida, and I did that session. We talked about the heritage. We talked about the challenges that had faced this Board through demographic changes, through land use pattern changes, through larger timber holdings being broken up, and those have created challenges and you have dealt with those challenges. We have dealt with them in Florida and other states. George and I talked about were how effective stakeholder groups and regulators can work together to develop solutions that can protect the sport and protect the rights of private landowners, both landowners who don't want dogs on their property

as well as landowners who would like to be able to hunt with deer dogs on their property. And we talked about those things that work, about the new collars, the GPS collars, the correction collars. And correction collars only work if you train your dogs to use them. Just putting it on there doesn't work.

But I was able to show a video at that meeting, a video filmed here in Alabama by several different hunters, and the legislators there and those watching at home got a real treat. They got to watch these dogs who were greatly trained break off with some of the hardest races you've ever seen and being thrown, and with a whistle or more being sounded, those dogs broke right off, came to their master, loaded themselves up in the dog box without ever being touched.

1 After that meeting, I was 2 told by some of the senators that 3 were there from other states, we need 4 you to come show this to the folks in 5 our state. And it was very well received. 7 I'm running out of time, but 8 I am going to ask this. Many of you 9 come to North Florida, to 10 Panama City, to vacation, Mexico 11 Beach. I would ask you to add them 12 to your prayers. A forest fire 13 started yesterday. It's already 14 spread to over 1400 acres, eight 15 homes have been lost, over 600 other 16 homes are threatened. All that 17 woodland destruction that took place 18 in '18, it's coming to fruition. 19 It's bad in Panama City, so pray for 20 those folks. Thank you. 21 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: I think we can 22 accommodate that. Thank you, 23 Mr. Stephens, very much.

1 Our next and last speaker is 2 Mr. Avery Bates. 3 MR. BATES: My name is Avery 4 I'm vice president of the Bates. 5 Organized Seafood Association of Alabama. It's a blessing to be here 7 today. 8 I'll tell you, we have had 9 some good seasons this year, 10 especially on oysters. What a 11 blessing it was to see my brothers. 12 They're still able to oyster. You 13 can get an oyster that's worth more 14 than it's ever been worth. You sell 15 it to the public that should enjoy 16 it. It's a wonderful thing for a 17 properly licensed commercial 18 fisherman to be able to fish, supply 19 the fish to the citizens of this 20 state and this country. We love to 21 see people eat whether it's 22 freshwater catfish or whatever fish, 23 put it on the table like you put it

1 on his table. 2 Our Commissioner of 3 Agriculture, along with Patti and a 4 number of other people, got to enjoy 5 some good seafood at the seafood 6 banquet. The place was packed out. 7 They enjoyed good boiled shrimp. We 8 like to see people eat wild caught 9 seafood from our bays, our rivers. 10 We want to see y'all continue to let 11 these fishermen catch fish from our 12 waters, all kinds of fish. 13 You know, 9280 says --14 that's to define what seafood is. 15 is all saltwater fish. It says that 16 in 9280. But it also says in other 17 places in 911 section that you're 18 allowed to catch other species. We 19 want to include another species and 20 put it back like it was a few years 21 ago. 22 We support -- I talked to 23 our commercial fishermen. We support this bill and House Bill 334, and I'm

just telling you that. But I want to

add some other things too.

This is important to keep feeding America. What's sad to see is imported China oysters on the markets. We see them in a lot of stores. China don't like us. Do y'all know that? China does not like us, but we buy a lot of stuff from China. Russia does not like us, and we're still buying fuel from Russia. What's sad is when we don't put our own people to work feeding our people with our food. Thank goodness for Grady giving us a fair shake.

And in all of that, Grady's got \$200,000 to come up to make some new oyster reefs. Anybody want to match that here? I hope so. Why? The more oysters you have, the more fish you have. The more fish you have, the more crabs you have and

1 everything else, cleaner water. 2 I'm here to tell you we want 3 to see our bottoms increase. And not 4 only that, but our Commissioner 5 working according to 924 part E with the federal government putting, 6 7 whether it's GOMESA funding or what, 8 to clean our waters up. We've got a 9 pipeline that's been okayed. They 10 extended our waste treatment plant. 11 Dilution is the solution. How many 12 times have you heard that, Scott? 13 Scott, thank you for working with our 14 fishermen. There's approximately 15 over 300 oystermen out there, and it 16 was a blessing. 17 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you. 18 understand. Thank you so much. 19 MR. PATE: I would like to make 20 one point, and I'm talking about some 21 of the things we do in the Department 22 of Ag. One thing we're real pleased 23 that we were able to get a \$200,000

1 grant that we're going to be able to 2 use down in Baldwin and Mobile 3 Counties to help grow the seafood 4 industry. And so we're rolling that 5 out, I guess, within the next few months. But we've put a real 7 emphasis and we're fixing to do some 8 things with the traveling to try to 9 promote Alabama seafood. There's a 10 huge international show about trading 11 seafood into the EU in particular, 12 and we're going to attend that. And 13 so we're trying to really support the 14 Alabama seafood industry. 15 MR. BATES: We love to see the 16 Department of Agriculture do what 17 it's been doing, standing behind our 18 working people that work on the 19 water. What a blessing it is to see 20 you showing up and supporting us like 21 you have and keep supporting us. 22 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you, 23 Avery.

1 MR. BATES: We like to see 2 Alabama eat seafood. 3 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: We do too. We 4 love seafood. I do. 5 Our next speaker is Mr. Don Nelson. 7 MR. NELSON: Thank you for 8 allowing me, Mr. Chairman, to speak 9 this morning. I'll make it as quick 10 as I can. It's hard for a mayor of 11 about 20-plus years. 12 I'm the mayor in Creola, 13 Alabama. And, Ben, I'd like to get a 14 chance to talk to you for a second 15 after the meeting. What I want to 16 talk to y'all about briefly is a 17 success story in Butler County. And 18 there's been no complaints for dog 19 deer hunting in Butler County last year or the year before. And there's 20 21 five keys I want touch on. One of 22 them is the gentlemen sitting right 23 there, Mr. Grady and Ms. Pat. They

1 did a fantastic job working with my 2 group. 3 I'm the president of Big 4 Rack Hunting Club in Butler County 5 for over 50 years. When Grady calls, I listen. When Pat calls, I listen, 7 because I know they've got something 8 that we need to take care of, and we 9 have that relationship that we do. 10 Mr. Don Knight has got up and talked 11 a little bit. Mr. Lonnie Miller has 12 called. I appreciate y'all utilizing 13 them gentlemen. That's the second 14 key that helps a good dog hunting 15 club do the things right. I 16 empathize and sympathize with y'all's 17 problems, and we don't want to go 18 there. And I appreciate y'all 19 bringing that up. 20 The third thing that we 21 found out is quality of the members. 22 And Susan touched on this a little 23 bit. I don't want bad members that

1 cause problems and gives dog hunting 2 a bad name. Don't want it. 3 want to go there. Those people won't 4 be invited to my club. And they need 5 to be stopped from what they're 6 doing. 7 One thing additional is --8 they touched on it this morning -- is 9 a tracking system. The Alpha System 10 is the best thing that's ever 11 happened for a dog hunter. You train 12 your dogs. 13 Now, I've got a flip phone. 14 I'm a dinosaur. I'm the only person 15 in here with a flip phone this 16 morning, but I'm learning how to use 17 my Alpha System. It works. Our club 18 invested over \$15,000. Everybody 19 when they turn loose a dog, they use 20 the Alpha System. So that helped us 21 right there. 22 And the last thing that's 23 probably the most key thing is your

1	conservation officers. My members
2	tell me what a great interaction they
3	have with your conservation officers
4	in Butler County. Please pass I
5	don't know if Mr. Reeves is here, but
6	pass it on that we appreciate that
7	relationship. They do a great job.
8	In looking around this
9	morning I'm an old retired Marine
10	Corps colonel of 30 years, and I can
11	see any one of your officers would
12	pass as a good Marine looking at
13	their appearance, their
14	professionalism, and their demeanor.
15	And I appreciate that.
16	It takes those five things I
17	think to make your job a lot easier,
18	and I hope it goes well. My club
19	appreciates what you're doing.
20	Any questions? That's as
21	quick as I've ever talked.
22	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Any questions?
23	Mr. Nelson, thank you very

1 Thank you for your service. much. 2 And our honor quard is sharp as a 3 tack. They're incredible. They're 4 well squared away. 5 Our next speaker is Mr. Eric Ray. 7 MR. RAY: I'm not representing 8 any organization. I'm a property 9 owner in Talladega County. My 10 property is adjacent to the Talladega 11 National Forest. I've got about 80 12 acres. I've had problems over the 13 years with dog hunters, and basically 14 what I find is they release their 15 dogs on the county road. And there's 16 anywhere from four to eight property 17 owners between there and the national 18 forest, and I'm one of them. 19 they drive the dogs through our 20 property, and then in the national 21 forest. 22 And I applaud these dog 23 hunter associations and the clubs for

1 their high technology and their 2 ability to track their dogs and 3 control their dogs, so there's no 4 reason for them to do that. 5 know that there's property between where they release the dogs and the 6 7 national forest. So rather than just 8 complain, I think with the technology 9 that they have and the knowledge they 10 have about their dogs and control 11 they have over their dogs, that's 12 great. So they should not be adverse 13 to having severe penalties for 14 trespassing across people's property. 15 So rather than just complain, I 16 propose a solution. Let's penalize 17 the bad dog hunters, and the good dog 18 hunters shouldn't be concerned about 19 it because they're not going to be 20 violating people's property. 21 let's just put a penalty on bad dog 22 hunters. 23 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Great idea.

1	Thank you.
2	Any questions from the left
3	or the right?
4	Well, that concludes our
5	public comments and speakers for the
6	day. And our next
7	MR. HARTZOG: Excuse me,
8	Mr. Chairman.
9	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: I'm sorry.
LO	Mr. Hartzog?
L1	MR. HARTZOG: Can I have the
L2	floor for a minute?
L3	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Yes, you may.
L 4	MR. HARTZOG: When Mr. Avery
L5	spoke, he spoke about oyster
L 6	restoration and he said about the
L7	money that I would be matching. I
L8	wanted to make it clear that the
L9	quarter of a million dollars that's
20	being given for oyster restoration
21	came from Alabama Wildlife
22	Federation. And also we need to
23	thank this gentleman right here

1 because Officer Bannon can tell you 2 that we have a tremendous new 3 addition to the reef system because of Kevin's family providing trucking 5 for the reefs. So the seafood industry in Mobile Bay is greatly 7 enhanced by Alabama Wildlife 8 Federation and specifically by 9 certain Board members. And I want to 10 thank Kevin for doing that. But I 11 didn't put up the money for the 12 oyster restoration. 13 But two points I want -- is 14 that I would love Chairman Dobbs to 15 write a letter to Conservation 16 Officer Drake Hayes on behalf of the 17 Board recognizing him for his being 18 recognized by the NWTF. So I don't 19 know whether I need to do that in the form of a motion, but I'd love to see 20 21 that done from the standpoint of the 22 Board recognizing Officer Hayes. 23 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: That is

something that we've discussed we're going to do that. We can do that by unanimous resolution. It was a unanimous resolution, so no one opposed that. So we have a resolution that we're going to write a letter of recognition and thank you and congratulations to the gentleman who won Officer of the Year from the National Wild Turkey Federation.

Is that it?

MR. HARTZOG: No. Second thing.

This is from -- I'm probably going to get a black eye but anyway.

Representative Hanes called me, oh, a month or so ago concerning -- and

Mr. Bates brought it up about commercial fishermen about the House Bill 334. Mr. Hanes has talked to me a lot. I've in turn called because I always like to get both sides of every story. And I've been talking with the assistant director, and, you

know, I hear one thing on one side and one thing on the other. In reading Tommy's bill, it kind of makes somewhat sense with them wanting to increase license fees to earmark that money strictly for production of paddlefish.

And Mr. Fred and I have talked, and I brought up the fact that Tupelo Hatchery in Tupelo, Mississippi, was raising paddlefish and took the fish out of the Pascagoula River, was raising them. They quit about two years ago. Mr. Fred told me this morning that the reason they stopped was they got the resource back into shape, that the majority of the reason for them doing that was the fact of the hurricane devastating the population there in Mississippi, you know, several years back. But Tommy's bill provides for an increase in license

fees, and the license money goes

directly to Fish and Wildlife for the

use of growing the fish.

It has been told to me that a guy in a hatchery in Kentucky can take two male fish and two female fish from Alabama so the genetics don't get messed up and produce a hundred thousand fingerlings.

And I know we've got money coming forward with the -- I want to call it CARES -- from federal money from the reclamation money of a million and a half dollars. I know Game and Fish is asking for some of it and Parks and Game and Fish and the hatcheries and all that. It seems like it might be if the fish is in an endangered situation why use a hatchery anyway for raising these paddlefish. But if you do -- 40 licenses at a hundred fish apiece, that's only 4,000 fish coming out of

the resource. According to Mr. Avery
from the commercial fisherman down in
Mobile, the Delta, the paddlefish are

as thick as they can be.

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I went back and read. The main thing was the Department --Fred's situation or what he said was we closed the season because in the fourth year of the season there was 135 violations. And I brought that up to Tommy, and Tommy said, Grady, he says, none of those violations were for actual taking of the improperly sized fish or taking too many fish or anything. It was the fact that maybe the net didn't have the type of buoy on it or a boat left the dock too soon or whatever. my understanding that Tommy asked for a list of all the violations so that he could have those, and the Department has yet to furnish those to him.

1 It sounds like -- in one way 2 it sounds like a good bill if the 3 resource -- if it was -- if we're 4 going to add back more. If we're 5 going to take 4,000 fish out and 6 we're going to add a hundred thousand 7 back in, we're increasing the 8 population instead of decreasing the 9 population. But I went back and 10 pulled the actual press release from 11 the Department back when the season 12 was closed, and it says -- and I want 13 to ask after I get through. It says 14 this is when it was first allowed for 15 them to go back to fishing. And I'm 16 reading the article. It says, the 17 fish has recovered enough and 18 considered robust enough to support a 19 regulated commercial fisherman. 20 2013, they initiated that. Okay. 21 Then when it was closed, it was cited 22 because of the 135 violations that 23 the analyst reports that some of the

1	paddlefish harvesters were and it
2	uses the word didn't say they ever
3	caught them. It said likely
4	falsifying reports. Okay. So
5	there's no documentation that there
6	was actually more fish taken than was
7	supposed to.
8	Further on in the same press
9	release that came from the State, it
10	said that based on reviewing the
11	biological information, the future
12	commercial paddlefish seasons
13	could didn't say would but said
14	could lead to overfishing and
15	jeopardizing long-term
16	sustainability. I would like to see
17	before this next meeting that list of
18	violations.
19	And also, Mr. Fred, or you
20	want to turn it over to Fisheries.
21	When was the last time any population
22	was done on the paddlefish?
23	COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: On

1	this issue if you'll address the
2	questions to the legislation is
3	currently being has been
4	introduced, so I'd appreciate that.
5	I think that's more appropriate.
6	MR. HARTZOG: We couldn't pass a
7	regulation?
8	COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP:
9	You're speaking about some
LO	legislation that's working through
L1	MR. HARTZOG: The process is we
L2	had before when the Department
L3	granted the four-year license, did
L 4	legislation do it or did the
L5	Department do it?
L 6	COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: It
L7	was under a special permit from the
L8	Department.
L9	MR. HARTZOG: Okay. So I mean,
20	so this Board could do the permit for
21	the commercial fishermen if they so
22	desired?
23	COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: This

1	Board could recommend that, yes.
2	MR. HARTZOG: Could I then ask
3	for that sampling and ask a question
4	on that sampling?
5	COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: We
6	had a very robust presentation on
7	this last year from Chris Greene in
8	the Fisheries section about the
9	paddlefish, and I provided you
LO	information. We discussed it.
L1	Would I can't see staff to see if
L2	there's I don't want to put you on
L3	the spot with a particular question
L 4	about stock assessment. But we have
L5	done population information on this
L6	species along with the others.
L7	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: What's the
L8	question?
L9	MR. HARTZOG: Has there ever
20	been any population studies on the
21	paddlefish for the last two or three
22	years?
23	MR. GREENE: Our staff has been
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1	out and sampled
2	MR. HARTZOG: And has the
3	samples shown
4	MR. GREENE: A lot of data.
5	MR. HARTZOG: That's all I
6	wanted to try to find out.
7	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Remember,
8	direct these questions to me so I
9	don't get my car keyed by Ms. Johnson
10	when she leaves today.
11	Grady, you've got a lot to
12	do here. You've got \$250,000 money
13	to match with the oyster reefs and
14	probably a million dollars to do the
15	paddlefish thing.
16	MR. HARTZOG: Well, this guy
17	probably provided more than 250- in
18	transportation for free.
19	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: We're going to
20	the science it was what was
21	made in the past. There was a rule
22	made, and we're going to leave it
23	there for the time being.

1 So with that, we move on to 2 -- if there are no more questions, we move on to unfinished business. 3 Is there any unfinished business before 5 this Board today? Any motions on the table? 7 There being no unfinished business, we have new business as an agenda. And what new business do we 10 have today? Is there a motion? 11 MR. SAVOY: Mr. Chairman, I have 12 a formal motion. 13 CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you, 14 Mr. Savoy. 15 MR. SAVOY: In accordance with 16 the requirements of the Alabama State 17 Legislature, I make a motion to 18 approve the increase in all licenses 19 and fees levied by the Department of 20 Conservation and Natural Resources 21 where applicable based on the 22 increases in the Consumer Price Index 23 as published and using the formulas

1	for said increases as previously
2	approved.
3	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: All right.
4	There's a motion to increase the CPI.
5	May I read it again?
6	CPI motion, in accordance
7	with the requirements of the Alabama
8	State Legislature, I make a motion to
9	approve the increase in all licenses
LO	and fees levied by the Department of
L1	Conservation and Natural Resources
L2	where applicable based on the
L3	increases of the Consumer Price Index
L 4	as published and using the formulas
L5	for said increases as previously
L 6	approved. That's the motion.
L7	Is there any discussion?
L8	Do I hear a second?
L9	MR. BARKSDALE: Second.
20	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: And let's vote
21	on that.
22	MR. PATE: I was trying to get
23	in the discussion. I guess Chris and

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I are in the same boat. I mean, we don't do that at the Department of Ag unless there's a need. I mean, is there some financial shortfall, or is this just something that y'all do periodically or...

COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: This is something when the Legislature changed the license structure in 2008, they implemented a provision in there that to keep that license and the revenue of the Department current with that level of funding that when the Consumer Price Index -- that when we have an increase in that that would keep small increases as we move forward instead of having it in one large increase every ten or 15 years. So we're going with the statute that was put in place for a small license increase periodically.

MR. PATE: I wouldn't even think we'd have to vote on it if you're

1	saying it's already
2	COMMISSIONER BLANKENSHIP: The
3	law requires this.
4	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: All right. So
5	there's a vote before the Board
6	increasing the Consumer Price Index
7	based on federal government all
8	those in favor?
9	Let's have a show of hands.
10	It's unanimous.
11	MR. PATE: No, it wasn't either.
12	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: I'm sorry. I
13	thought you had your hand up.
14	MR. PATE: I did not.
15	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: So one nay. So
16	that passes.
17	Are there any other
18	unfinished or new business? Any
19	motions or anything?
20	MR. SAVOY: Mr. Chairman?
21	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Yes, Mr. Savoy?
22	MR. SAVOY: One statement before
23	I make a motion. I appreciate the

1 credit that my colleague next to me 2 has given to me for the oyster reef 3 program that we've been working on, 4 but I just want to mention the 5 individuals that made that happen. If you want to know more about it, I 7 urge you to go to the Alabama Wildlife Federation site. It's a 8 9 great program, very successful, and I 10 encourage everybody in Alabama along 11 the coast to go out and enjoy 12 themselves and look at the reefs. 13 Thank you. 14 The motion I have is related 15 to our turkey season. It was brought 16 to our attention. Several of us got 17 calls about this. And we would --18 the topic is putting the days back in 19 place for our youth and disabled 20 veterans. So the motion I would like 21 to make would be to institute those 22 days back in there for those two 23 groups. Thank you.

1	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: That is a
2	motion, then, that you would bring
3	forth at the next meeting.
4	MR. SAVOY: Yes.
5	CHAIRMAN DOBBS: Thank you very
6	much. We can expect that from you
7	then.
8	All right. If there's no
9	further business, our next meeting
10	will be in May. I think it is the
11	21st of May. And that will be in
12	Eufaula, Alabama.
13	Thank you very much,
14	everybody. Safe travels home.
15	Thank you.
16	(Proceedings concluded at
17	11:45 a.m.)
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	STATE OF ALABAMA
3	AUTAUGA COUNTY
4	I, Stacey L. Johnson, Certified Court
5	Reporter and Commissioner for the State of
6	Alabama at Large, hereby certify that on March
7	5, 2022, I reported the proceedings in the
8	matter of the foregoing cause, and that pages 3
9	through 180 contain a true and accurate
LO	transcription of the aforementioned proceedings.
L1	I further certify that I am neither of kin
L2	nor of counsel to any of the parties to said
L3	cause, nor in any manner interested in the
L 4	results thereof.
L5	This the 27th day of April, 2022.
L 6	
L 7	/g/Stagov I Johngon
L8	<u>/s/Stacey L. Johnson</u> STACEY L. JOHNSON, CCR Commissioner for the
L 9	State of Alabama at Large CCR 386, Expires 9/30/2022
20	COMMISSION EXPIRES: 6/22/2023
21	
22	
23	